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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXII.---NO. 135. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 26, 1898. WHOLE NO. 9,680

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Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.

OUTLINES.

Secretary Day and Senators Davis and Frye are members of the peace commission; the remaining two members have been selected by the President and will be announced Saturday. —— There are 210 cases of typhoid fever in the hospital at Montauk Point; eleven deaths yesterday. —— Gen. Miles has been directed to send home from Porto Rico all troops not actually needed. —— French fishing schooner on the Grand Banks run down and sunk by the steamer Norge; sixteen men drowned; nine were saved. —— Rear Admiral Schley has recovered from his indisposition and returned to the Brooklyn, his flagship. —— A stormy session of the Supreme Lodge K. of P. resulted on report of the finance committee; election of officers was deferred. —— The American annexation movement in Jamaica is spreading rapidly. —— The Madrid public is disgusted at the hasty surrender of the Spanish forces at Santiago after hearing stories told by returning soldiers. —— New York markets: Money on call firm at 1½@3 per cent., last loan being at 2½ per cent.; cotton quiet—middling uplands 5¾c; flour fairly active for spring wheat patents; wheat—spot quiet; No 2 red 74¼c; c rn—spot firm; No. 2 36c; rosin dull; spirits turpentine quiet.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 25.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 80 deg.; 8 P.M., 79 deg.; maximum, 90 deg.; minimum, 76 deg.; mean, 84 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .12; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 4.36 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 10.3 feet.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The barometric conditions remain almost unchanged since last evening, except the Lake storm has moved eastward to the New England coast.

Light to moderate thunder showers have occurred generally in the east Rocky Mountain slopes and from the central Gulf northeast over the Atlantic coasts States to Massachusetts. Cloudy weather and rain continue in these sections to-night, excepting the immediate coast of the Carolinas. Fair weather prevails in the States of the Mississippi and Missouri valleys, with continued high temperature. The temperature is slightly lower in the interior of the Atlantic coast States and in the Lake regions. The following high winds are reported: Norfolk, Va., 34 S. W.; Augusta, Ga., 26 N. W.; Washington, D. C., 26., N. W.; Port Eads, La., 24 N. W.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ended at 8 A. M. yesterday:

Light to moderate showers have occurred in all districts but Atlanta and Charleston, with continued high temperature. Showers were heavy in the Little Rock and Memphis districts, Helena, Ark., reporting a fall of 1.68 inch.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Thunder showers; warmer in the interior; south to southwest winds.

Port Almanac---Aug. 26,

Sun Rises	5.26 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.36 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 10 M.
High Water at Southport	5.05 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	4.35 A. M.

There are 8,000 U. S. pensioners who live in Europe, but they have the long pull on Uncle Sam, all the same.

Col. Theodore Roosevelt is a composite sort of fellow, with Irish, French, Dutch and Scotch blood in him, in pretty equal parts.

An over average of wheat is expected in all the wheat growing countries this year and this means low priced wheat in this country.

The war tax doesn't seem to be affecting the beer industry of Milwaukee much when the saloon keeper gives two glasses and a lunch for a nickel.

Now that the war is over the flying machine man is coming to the front again. A Frederick, Maryland, man, proposes to take a fly on a machine of his own invention.

Hon. T. B. Reed, of Maine, and J. W. Bailey, of Texas, don't sleep together much, but they have got together pretty close on the "imperialism" business. Neither of them is stuck on expansion.

Spain objects to Senator Davis as one of the peace commissioners, because of his pronounced anti-Spanish views. We have our own views as to the propriety of U. S. Senators going on such a commission, but how would editor Godkin, of the New York *Times* suit her? There is nothing anti-Spanish about him.

Col. John Jacob Astor has created somewhat of a sensation in New York by objecting to the low valuation of his property for taxation. He pays $300,000 in taxes and insists that this isn't enough. As Col. Jack never did anything like this before he must as a citizen have improved somewhat by his association with the rough-and-tumble fellows in the army.

C. B. Swink, of Colorado, is the world champion watermelonist. He has produced one which was five feet long, thirty-four inches thick and weighed ninety-eight pounds. If Colorado desires to increase her colored population let her keep this story duly advertised.

The women are striking out in California. The latest illustration is the organization of a company comprised exclusively of women to build a sixty mile railroad which will cost a million dollars. They will, however, delegate the digging, &c., to the men.

The New South Wales people have put up 632 miles of rabbit-proof fencing, but as a general thing the rabbits are proof against the fencing. About the only rabbit-proof safeguard is to catch him and kill him.

Steamship managers in New York estimate that the war kept 50,000 people at home this year who would have gone to Europe if there had been no war, and this also kept about $75,000,000 at home.

Boston has a hotel waiter who has learned, all by himself, to speak nine languages. Think of that. A waiter who can serve hash in nine different tongues. What a barber that fellow would make.

Midshipman Mores, of the Vizcaya that was, isn't so much distressed over the loss of the ship as he is about his nice collection of 2,500 postage stamps that went down with her.

Sagasta used to say that Spain would come out all right in the long run. So far Governor-General Augusti seems to have been about the only one who came out in the long run.

They are still inventing submarine boats in Spain. Spain is long on submarine boats. She has more of them now than any other nation.

Ex-Senator Ingalls, of Kansas, is an expansionist. Mr. Ingalls, by the way, carries quite an expansive mouth.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. L. Gore—Fine N. C. hams.
S. W. Sanders—Virginia hams.
Opera House—Lecture by Dr. L. G. Broughton.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Wanted—A young man.
H. J. Bierman—Sweet apple cider.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Special policeman Louis Gordon, who has been quite sick, has recovered

— The STAR is authorized to pay 25 cents each for 50 copies of the Wilmington *Daily Record* of Thursday, August 18th.

— It is learned that a party of twelve or fifteen young men in Rocky Mount will go to Porto Rico. They believe money can be made on the island.

— There will be a free dance at the public pavilion on Carolina Beach all day and to-night. The Liberty excursionists are expected to go down in large numbers to-day.

— Dick Bagdasarion, the Armenian recruit who went to Caswell a short while ago, was here yesterday going back to Worcester, Mass., his old home. He says he enlisted for forty days and they have expired.

— The alarm of fire at 4:55 o'clock this morning was in Mr. Geo. Schnibben's store, corner Seventh and Nixon streets. The damage was about $50 on stock and $50 on building. The latter is owned by Mr. Martin Schnibben. The loss is covered by insurance.

— Mr. T. C. DeRosset has taken a position as State agent of the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company. He is a young man of fine business qualifications and will doubtless fill his new position with marked ability. He will start out September 1st.

— Carpenters have begun making extensive repairs to the interior of the store on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets. It is to be occupied as a drug store by Dr. W. H. Green. Dr. Green's old stand has been rented by Mr. W. A. Farriss, proprietor of the Palace Bakery.

— A meeting of the Second Division of the Fourth Ward will be held this evening at 8 o'clock in the old National Bank building on Front street between Market and Princess. All white men of the Second Division are earnestly requested to attend in the interest of law, order and good government.

18 BARRELS OF FLOUR MISSING

Testimony Brought Out Yesterday in the McNair & Pearsall Case—Hearing Resumed To-day.

Yesterday the three negroes, Joe Hooper, Lewis Jarman and William Murphy, charged with implication in the theft of goods from the warehouse of Messrs. McNair & Pearsall, were arraigned for trial in the Mayor's Court, but the hearing was not completed and will be resumed this morning at 10 o'clock.

The story of the arrest of the negroes and the charges made against them are familiar to the readers of the STAR and would be a needless repetition in this connection. During the trial the negroes are represented by Messrs. Bellamy & Bellamy and Herbert McClammy, Esq., and Messrs. McNair & Pearsall have employed Frank McNeill, Esq., and George Peschau, Esq., to direct the prosecution.

The evidence introduced thus far in the trial shows that the parties implicated have been conducting quite an extensive system of stealing, and the indications are that the most guilty of all the gang is still at large. The officers are especially anxious to apprehend Bob Nixon, colored, the store keeper on Nixon street, in whose place of business such a quantity of stolen goods was found a few days ago.

Mr. Leftwich, shipping clerk for Messrs. McNair & Pearsall, was put on the stand yesterday as a State's witness and testified that during the past month eighteen barrels of flour had been stolen from the firm. He could not make an estimate as to the amount of meat taken.

When the trial is resumed this morning the hearing of the evidence will be completed and the argument by counsel submitted and His Honor the Mayor will render his judgment. The trial is attracting big crowds of colored people to the City Hall. The court lobby was crowded yesterday as were the adjacent apartments and the front windows. No cases other than the three for larceny were docketed.

A BIG PIC-NIC TO-DAY.

The Croatans Meet at Hope Mills—Addresses by Jno. D. Bellamy and Others.

Major William H. Bernard, of the MORNING STAR, left yesterday afternoon to attend a big Croatan pic-nic to be held to-day at New Hope, near Pates, Robeson county. There is every indication that it will be one of the biggest gatherings of the kind ever held in that section. Certainly there is every promise of a day of great enjoyment and profit for, aside from the usual pic-nic pleasures, there will be some able speaking. John D. Bellamy, Esq., our present candidate and next Congressman from this district, will be there and deliver an address. Dr. R. M. Norment, independent Republican candidate for Congress, is also booked for a speech. And Col. O. H. Dockery, the regular Republican-Populist-Fusion nominee, has been invited and is expected.

TORPEDO BOAT GWYN

From Key West to Hampton Roads, Put in at Southport Yesterday.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

SOUTHPORT, N. C., August 25.—The *Gwyn*, Lieut. Williams, from Key West to Hampton Roads, arrived here at 5 P. M. to-day. She left Charleston this morning, but on account of stormy weather made this harbor. Lieut. Williams saw the torpedo boat *Rogers*, also bound to Hampton Roads. She was in company with the *Gwyn* this afternoon, and when he headed for Southport he supposed the *Rogers* was following, but the *Rogers* had not arrived at 9 P. M.

EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Democratic Convention Nominated Bryan of Craven and Suggs of Lenoir.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

NEWBERN, N. C., August 25.—The Eighth Senatorial Democratic convention, held here to-day, nominated James A. Bryan, of Craven, and Wm. Suggs, of Lenoir. The nominations are regarded as strong ones.

Colored Boy to be Tried.

John Mackie, a colored boy aged 13 years, after successfully evading arrest by Deputy Sheriff D. W. Teachy, yesterday morning, went to Justice G. W. Bornemann, of his own accord, yesterday afternoon to answer charges against him. The charge was assault and battery by striking a girl over the head with a rock, which he claims to have been accidental. He gave bond for his appearance for trial at 10 o'clock this morning.

Army Engineers.

Corporal W. J. Costello and Privates Morrisey, Farris, Gaegan, DeBank and Smith, a detachment of army engineers who went to Fort Caswell to lay the submarine mines, were here yesterday returning to Willet's Point, N. Y., to rejoin their command. The torpedoes and cables have all been removed now and the services of the soldier engineers will not be needed again, except in the event of another war.

— The regular, *bona fide* mail circulation of THE MORNING STAR is larger than the mail circulation of all other Wilmington Dailies combined.

NEXT YEAR IN WILMINGTON.

Liquor Dealers to Meet Here in Next Annual Session—Names of Officers and Committees.

Messrs. F. W. Ortmann, T. E. Wallace, F. Richter, M. O'Brien and James Elder, Wilmington's delegation to the State Liquor Dealers' Association at Raleigh, returned yesterday afternoon.

All the old officers and the old executive committee were re-elected as follows:

Frank O'Donnell, President, Asheville.

S. T. Smith, 1st Vice-President, Raleigh.

T. H. Scoggins, 2nd Vice-President, Durham.

F. W. Ortmann, Secretary and Treasurer, Wilmington.

J. G. Patterson, Corresponding Secretary, Durham.

T. E. Wallace, State Organizer, Wilmington.

S. T. Smith, Raleigh; L. N. White, Raleigh; Ed. V. Denton, Raleigh, Executive Committee.

Secretary and Treasurer F. W. Ortmann has been serving the association ever since its organization, four years ago.

The following Board of Control was elected:

R. B. Proctor, Durham; F. W. Hilker, Goldsboro; M. Dissosway, Newbern; J. B. Smith, Raleigh; J. G. L. Gieschen, Wilmington, chairman; J. Lowenstein, Statesville; R. S. Nelson, Kernersville; S. E. Cunningham, Asheville.

The committee on trade marks is also appointed by the president. It is as follows:

M. O'Brien, Wilmington; S. W. Johnson, Durham; James Elder, Wilmington; M. Maxwell, Raleigh; A. A. Featherstone, Asheville.

The following delegates were appointed to attend the national convention which meets in Asheville, October 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15:

S. T. Smith, Raleigh; T. H. Scoggins, Durham; J. G. L. Gieschen, Wilmington.

The alternates named were: J. J. Lowenstein, Statesville; W. B. Pate, Goldsboro; N. J. Burch, Wilmington.

The association passed resolutions looking to the establishment of a brewing plant at some point in the State.

The local dealers gave the visitors a royal welcome. A big barbecue at Tucker's Pond was greatly enjoyed.

Wilmington was chosen as the next place of meeting. The naming of the day upon which the association will meet is left to the president of the board of control, Mr. J. G. L. Gieschen.

WOULD-BE HOUSEBREAKERS.

Three Negroes Attempted to Enter Justice J. J. Fowler's Residence—Fired at the Keeper.

Yesterday morning between 12 and 1 o'clock there was an attempt to break into the residence of Justice John J. Fowler on South Front street. However, the housebreakers were scared away before they effected an entrance. Bob Roberson, the colored hoodoo doctor, lives in Justice Fowler's yard and looks after the place while the Fowler family are summering on Carolina beach. He heard a noise at the rear entrance of the residence and went out to investigate. He found three negroes with chisels and other implements prizing open the door. He called to them and ordered them off the premises, and one of them turned upon him and fired a pistol at him. About that time Mr. W. M. Cumming and Mr. Slocumb, who had heard the disturbance, came over from neighboring residences and the would-be robbers escaped over the back fence. They left no clue to their identity.

EXCURSION YESTERDAY

From Liberty and Other Points—Went to Sea on the Wilmington.

The People's fourth annual excursion from Liberty and other points in the central part of the State arrived yesterday at 12.50 P. M. over the C. F. & Y. V. railroad, under the management of Mr. C. H. Russell, of Jonesboro. There were about 225 passengers in four coaches and a baggage car.

Yesterday afternoon the excursionists went to see on the steamer *Wilmington*.

Most of the excursionists spent yesterday afternoon on board the *Wilmington*, but enough were left to christen the Merchant's Association Park. Several could be seen resting themselves on the rustic benches. Mr. P. Heinsberger, Secretary of the Merchant's Association, who has taken so much interest in the opening of the park, is anxious that all visitors shall avail themselves of the use of it, and invites managers of excurions to call upon him at the Association office in the Seaboard Air Line building for all information desired.

The trip was greatly enjoyed although the sea was very high. The *Wilmington* went beyond the bell buoy and returned to the city last night at 9.20 o'clock.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure promp and regular delivery.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. Edwin Moore left yesterday for Boston to pursue his studies.

— Mr. Sam Ferrell, wife and child, arrived in the city yesterday to visit friends.

— Mr. George McKeithan, of Brunswick county, was a STAR visitor yesterday.

— Editor C. Ed. Taylor, of the Southport *Leader*, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

— Miss Emma Cook has returned home after several weeks delightfully spent at Tarboro.

— Miss Mary O'Hanlon, of Currie, is the guest of Mr. B. G. Worth, on Second street.

— Miss Frances Smith, of Charlotte, who has been visiting Miss Bessie Tolar, returned home yesterday.

— A. G. Ricaud, Esq., returned yesterday from a visit to New York, Saratoga Springs and other places North.

— Mr. I. T. Alderman, of Tomahawk, but formerly, of this city, was a welcome visitor to the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. J. C. Higgins, of Rocky Mount, A. C. L. assistant superintendent of transportation, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Miss Fannie Reid MacKay, a popular young lady of Summerville, is on a visit to Miss Bettie Johnson at 716 Market street.

— Capt. J. L. Autry and Mr. A. J. Johnson, two of Sampson county's best citizens, were among yesterday's visitors in the city.

— Misses Josephine and Kathryne Smith, of Charlotte, who have been visiting the Misses Horne on Red Cross street, returned home yesterday.

— Charlotte *Observer*, August 25: Dr. A. M. Baldwin and Mr. E. P. Bailey, of Wilmington, are at the Central. They go to Cleveland Springs to-day.

— Mrs. A. M. Bowen returned yesterday from Jacksonville, where she has been visiting relatives. She was accompanied by her grandmother, Mrs. Humphrey.

— Misses Pearl and Nessie Wescott came up from Southport yesterday. Miss Pearl will stop over in the city and Miss Nessie will leave this morning for Fayettville to visit the family of Capt. Albert Worth.

— Mr. C. W. Polvogt, of the C. W. Polvogt Company, is making a tour of the Northern markets buying goods for the Fall trade. The Polvogt store is already receiving invoices of goods daily in anticipation of lively times during the coming months.

RELAY RACE THIS AFTERNOON.

People of the City Invited to Attend. Start at 5 O'clock.

This afternoon at 5 o'clock is the time set for the relay race in which a number of our best riders, eighteen years of age and under, will be the participants. As has been previously announced, the racers will start from the corner of Market and Fifth streets at 5 o'clock. The run will be to the three-mile post on the shell road and back. The following boys have entered for the race:

Capt. Morris' team—James Place, Charles Place, George Honnett, Lewis Powell and Walter Morris.

Capt Fisher—Joe Hill, Alf. Jewett, Paul Cantwell, Frank Irvin and Junius Prempert.

The people of Wilmington are cordially invited to witness the race which it is expected will be quite exciting.

APPOINTMENTS FOR BELLAMY.

He Is Now Making a Preliminary Canvass of the Sixth District.

John D. Bellamy, Democratic candidate for Congress, is making a preliminary canvass of the Sixth District, and has accepted invitations to speak as follows:

At the great Croatan basket dinner to be given at New Hope, near Pate's Station, Robeson county, Friday, August 26th.

At Lockwood's Folly, Brunswick county, at the Democratic mass convention to be held Thursday, September 1st.

At Burgaw, Pender county (Court week), Monday, September 12th.

Died Last Night.

A telegram received here last night by Mr. L. W. McLaurin brought the sad news of the death of little Joe Coney, son of Capt. Walter Coney, of Savannah, Ga. An account of the accident by which young Coney was fatally injured appeared in the STAR of yesterday. He died last night at 7 o'clock and the funeral is to be held this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. Capt. Coney's family has hosts of friends in Wilmington who are deeply grieved to hear of this sad accident.

A Dastardly Deed.

Wednesday night, while Mr. James O'Sullivan was sitting on the front piazza of his residence, corner Eighth and Orange streets, a party of negroes passed by and one of them threw a brickbat over the fence, across the piazza and struck the side of the house with a thud. Mr. O'Sullivan has no idea who the negro was.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia Nervou Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

RALEIGH NEWS BUDGET.

Liquor Dealers' Association—Infamous Article in the Negro Paper—Republicans Torn Up in 8th District.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 25.

The Liquor Dealers' Association have selected Wilmington as the next place for meeting. Frank O'Donnell was re-elected president, and J. G. Patterson, of Durham, secretary. S. T. Smith, of Raleigh; J. G. L. Gieschen, of Wilmington, and J. H. Scoggins, of Durham, were elected delegates to the national convention, which will meet in Asheville in October.

The Republicans and Populists were very much exercised by the infamous article in the Wilmington *Record*. Some fusionists are so base as to charge that the Democrats wrote it.

Jule MacAdams, a white brakeman, was found unconscious by the track yesterday near Method. His injuries are probably fatal.

Joe Perry, colored, had his foot cut off by a shifting engine yesterday.

There is a banana plant at the Soldier's Home, cultivated by J. C. McLendon, which is fifteen feet in height. Nearly all this growth has been attained since April 1st. He also has a caladium with leaves six feet long and about four feet broad. The old soldiers spend much of their time cultivating flowers and plants.

Superintendent Mewborne left today for the Roanoke farms. He says that according to reports the crops are fine.

The pupils of the Oxford Orphan Asylum cleared $65.00 by their concert here last night.

Your correspondent learns from one who knows, that the fusion campaign-books will not only slander the administration of former officials but will assail the record of some of this year's candidates and accuse them of duplicity in 1896.

Col. Winston is meeting with marked success in organizing white clubs.

A gentleman from the West acknowleges that the Republicans are torn to pieces in every county in the Eighth district. He concludes that the Republicans will lose Rutherford county.

THE SHARPIE FROLIC.

Built for Messrs. C. W. and J. S. Worth by Mr. Emanuel Garcia.

The *Frolic*, a handsome two-masted sharpie which Mr. Emanuel Garcia has built for Messrs. C. W. and J. S. Worth was launched yesterday afternoon at Northop's mill with appropriate ceremonies.

The *Frolic* is not a very large boat but her model is shapely and her capacity not at all small. She is 45 feet in length and has 12½ feet breadth of beam with a depth of between 3 and 4 feet. The boat has a nice large cabin and plenty of berths, and other conveniences for passengers.

Mr. Garcia has been working on the *Frolic* for several weeks and it will be a couple of weeks yet before she is ready for use. When she is finished, she will be one of the finest sailing vessels on the coast.

NEW TRAVELLING AGENT.

Mr. Will. H. Harrison, who has so acceptably filled the position of Travelling Agent and Correspondent of THE MORNING STAR for nearly a year past, has resigned that position to engage in other business, and is succeeded by Mr. James Pearsall, of Dunn. Mr. Pearsall has travelled extensively the territory in which the STAR circulates so largely, and is in every way thoroughly qualified for the work he has undertaken. We commend him to our friends, and will appreciate any courtesies he may receive at their hands.

Baseball Saturday.

There will be another good game of baseball Saturday. It will be played at 4.30 P. M. at Hilton Park between the A. C. L. team and a team from the *Nantucket*. A postal card from Mr. James Sinclair, received yesterday, brought the information that the *Nantucket* boys would probably get here to-day. This means the baseball team most likely, as the crew will hardly get here so soon.

The game promises to be a good one and ought to draw a good crowd on account of the fact that one of the teams will be composed of Wilmington's soldier sailors.

New Cotton in Robeson.

A correspondent of the STAR writes from Red Springs, Robeson county, that the first bale of new cotton was received there yesterday. It was brought in by Mr. W. R. Webster. Cotton in that section is opening very fast; the farmers are holding pickers down to 30 cents per hundred pounds.

M. and F. Steamboat Company.

A meeting of the Merchants' and Farmers' Steamboat Company was held yesterday on board the steamer *Driver*. Mr. A. Hocutt, of Waddell's Ferry, presided. The freight on tar was reduced to ten cents per barrel. Mr. R. R. Love was continued as manager of the company.

— The White Government Unions of the Second Ward and the first divisions of the Third Ward held meetings last night; the former at the office of John D. Bellamy and the latter at the Merchants' Association office. There was a very large attendance with much enthusiasm. At the meeting of the first division of the Third Ward it was decided to invite Frank McNeill, Esq., to address the union on next Thursday night.

Lumberton Fair.

The annual Fair of the Robeson County Fair Association will be held at Lumberton, November 2nd, 3rd and 4th. All space for exhibits free.

FRANK GOUGH, Secy. and Treas. †

DAILY RECORD ON THE MOVE.

Editor Manly Folds His Tents And Silently Steals Away to a More Congenial Locality.

Yesterday's STAR told of the demonstration made by quite a large number of negroes Wednesday night in their zeal to protect the office and editor of the *Daily Record*, the negro daily, from the attacks of assailants who did not exist save in the heated brain and misguided imagination of the crowd. And how the office was garrisoned by Editor Manly and quite a number of his friends during the whole night. By early dawn yesterday drays were drawn up in front of the office and office furniture and composing room fittings were loaded on, and before noon the whole *Record* plant had been moved from the corner of Water and Princess streets to a frame building on Seventh street between Ann and Nun. They had intended to move into Ruth Hall but a movement to make the insurance rate considerably higher on account of the *Record's* occupancy of the building caused the trustees to reconsider their contract to rent to the *Record* people. No paper was issued yesterday on account of moving.

There was talk around town yesterday about the paper's suspending, but Editor Manly told a STAR reporter that the *Record* would "continue to do business in the same old way if not at the same old stand."

The building the *Record* occupied on Princess street is owned by Mr. M. J. Heyer, who notified them to move several days ago. The vicinity in which the plant has been moved was very quiet last night. Manly and his friends were of course on guard and the police thereabouts were more than usually alert. The *Record* hopes to resume publication to-day.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opera House.
Monday, Aug. 29, 8.30 P. M.
Lecture by Rev. L. G. Broughton, of Atlanta. Subject: "THE LIVING MUSEUM OF HUMAN CURIOSITIES."
Admission, 25 cents.
Tickets on sale at Gerken's. au 24 3t

HAMS, HAMS.
600 Pounds
Fine North Carolina Hams
ON CONSIGNMENT AND MUST BE SOLD. COME AND BUY.
D. L. Gore,
No. 120, 122 and 124 North Water St.
an 23 tf

"OLE VIRGINNY NEVER TIRE"
Is an Old Time Tune,
and in this connection I wish to call your attention to a select lot of
VIRGINIA HAMS.
Small, Sweet, Sound as a Nut, and YOU'LL NEVER TIRE OF THEIR DELICIOUS FLAVOR.
S. W. SANDERS,
au 26 tf At the Uniucky Corner.

Butter, Cheese, Cakes.
WE HAVE THE FAMOUS JAMESTOWN BUTTER, STRAIGHT'S P. N. CHEESE, AND CAKES AND CRACKERS OF BEST MAKES.
Receiving Fresh New Flour, and Can fill all Orders Promptly
Try a crate Swift's Winchester S. C. Hams.
A Nice Lot N. C. Bacon
on consignment.
Hall & Pearsall,
au 13 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets.

Lard?
The Best Pure Leaf.... 7c per pound.
Granulated Sugar..... 6c per pound.
Best Table Butter 22 1-2 per pound.
Don't you want half barrel of Fine Flour? We have it in half barrels and guarantee you can buy no better, $2.75.
THE KING GROCERY CO.
B. F. KING, MANAGER,
'Phone 327. Fourth Street Bridge.
an 17 tf

"Experience is a Dear Teacher."
We have had our EXPERIENCE and have paid for it. So in buying your
Medicines & Filling Prescriptions
from me, you run no risk whatever. It is no EXPERIMENT with us now. We know exactly what we are doing and how to do it. Ask any doctor in this town.
TELEPHONE, store 150, and residence 209.
Yours, for some of your business,
James D. Nutt. The Druggist.
my 29 tf

Barbadoes Molasses
Of Our Own Importation Now on Hand and
New Crop to Arrive.
WE CARRY ALL GRADES, STYLES AND PRICES.
The Worth Company.
jy 2 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WE HAVE
Not Made Peace.
On the contrary we are still waging
A Bitter Warfare
against high prices on
Hardware and House Furnishings.
* * Come what will, the fight is
* * going to be kept up as long
* * as we stay in the business,
* * and this means that the
* * PLACE TO BUY anything
* * in the
HARDWARE LINE
at Rock Bottom Prices is at
J. W. Murchison's,
an 16 tf ORTON BUILDING.

Your Opportunity.
Occupying unsurpassed facilities to pack D. S. Meats of all kinds, it stands to reason we
Should Have Your Trade
or enquiries, and we shall take pleasure to REPLY PROMPTLY. We carry
RIBS, BUTTS, BELLIES, LARD, GRAIN, FLOUR, CIGARS.
If you are looking for the right place to spend your money, we are the people.
Vollers & Hashagen,
Warehouse A. C. Line trackage, Nutt St.
au 21 tf

INK PADS in all Colors and Sizes.
Our Air Cushion Dating Stamp---the latest thing out.
Aluminum Pocket Seals,
The Best Seal Press on the market, weight 11 ounces.
A Font of Rubber Type, Ink Pad and Tweezers for only 35c.
WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS,
15 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C.
Bell 'Phone 240. au 14 tf

Carolina Beach and Southport STEAMBOAT LINE.
Following Schedule in Effect After Monday, July 25th.
Leave Wilmington, daily except Sunday, for Carolina Beach, 6 and 9.15 A. M.; 3 and 5.15 P. M.
Leave Wilmington every day, 7.30 P. M.; leave Beach, 8.30 P. M.
Leave Beach, 7 A. M.; 1.00 P. M.; 3.45 P. M.; 6.00 P. M.
Leave Wilmington Sunday, 10 A. M.; 2.30 and 7.30 P. M. Leave Beach, 12.30 P. M.; 6 and 8.30 P. M.
9.15 A. M. boat through for Southport---Leaves Southport, 12.00 M.
Fare on 9.15 and 7.30 P. M boats to pier and return, 15 cents.
J. W. Harper.
jy 26 tf

LIVERPOOL SALT.
600 Bags 100 Salt.
300 Bags 125 Salt.
200 Bags 180 Salt.
700 Bags 200 Salt.
100 Bags Table Salt.
25 Barrels Pocket Salt.
25 Barrels XXX Vinegar.
550 Barrels Flour.
900 Bags Flour.
W. B. Cooper,
Wholesale Grocer,
au 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.
SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 27TH, 1898.
Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 10.10 A. M.; 3.30, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M., 2.30 and 7.15 P. M.
Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M.; 3.45, 6.00 and 10 P. M Sunday, 11.30 A. M., 6 and 9.30 P. M.
On Fridays there will be two late trains up, 10 and 11.30 P. M.
The Saturday Special, leaving Wilmington at 1 P. M., and the 11.30 P. M. train from Ocean View, will be discontinued.
Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight prepaid. GEO. R. FRENCH, President.
R. O. GRANT Superintendent. fe 26 tf

St. Paul's Academy
FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.
Sixth and Princess streets, Wilmington, N. C.
Students Thoroughly Prepared for
COLLEGE AND BUSINESS.
Session opens September 26. Terms $3.00 and $4.00 per calendar month.
For information apply to
E. C. Counts, A. M., Principal, 215 North Seventh street,
or to A. G. Voigt, D. D., No. 19 North Sixth street. au 11 6w

CAPE FEAR ACADEMY
Begins its twenty-sixth session Sept. 19. A home School, preparing thoroughly for
Business or College,
saving much expense. Its pupils rank with the best. Careful attention to each pupil. Young pupils taken.
W. Catlett,
au 19 2w 109 North Fifth street.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper references, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 26, 1898.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS.

Sixth District—John D. Bellamy, of New Hanover.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.

Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.

Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.

Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.

Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.

Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Sixth District—Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.

REPUBLICAN INSURGENTS.

The conditions, politically, are somewhat peculiar in North Carolina this year, with the vantage ground decidedly with the Democrats. Two years ago we were divided on the silver question, while the Republicans were united, and the Populists stood with the Republicans in the State campaign. Now the Democrats are as solid as a stone wall, while the Republican party and the Populist party are both divided into factions and factions that war with each other.

In the centre and the West the uprising against the bosses in the Republican camp has attained such proportions that they are called insurgents, and the insurrection is giving the bosses a world of trouble. The insurgents refuse to be argued off or bought off. If they refuse to be bought off they must be desperately in earnest, for there must be something very serious in the way when a Republican kicker refuses to be bought off. In the Eighth and Ninth districts the insurrection is alleged to be against "ring rule," against Republican conventions being controlled by Federal office-holders in the interest of the men to whom they are indebted for the offices they hold.

This may be the true reason, but when was the time in North Carolina when Republican conventions were not controlled by Federal office-holders? We have seen a good many of them in our day, but we have never seen one in which the Federal office-holder was not very much in evidence. In fact, manipulating conventions is part of the business of Federal office-holders, and a very considerable part. Offensive partisanship never figured in their vocabulary, and none of them have ever been known to have been reproved for too much zeal.

They have generally succeeded in keeping in the background the colored brothers who happened to get into their conventions, but in the last one which met in Raleigh they were not so fortunate, for Congressman White (black), of the Second district, broke through the barbed-wire fence and got way up at the front, and while at the front lectured some of the white contingent for their cowardice in trying to dodge the race issue and keep the negro behind the woodpile. He then and there defiantly told them that the race issue was here to stay, that there were not near as many negroes in office as there should be and will be, that more of them were coming and that the cowardly white Republicans who did not like it could get out of the party, which would be the better off for their getting out of it. Western Republicans have not been in the habit of being talked to that way by a negro, but in that section they have managed them pretty well and have succeeded in making them do the voting, while the white bosses held the offices, and perhaps this colored assertiveness may not have been without its influence in starting this insurrection against "ring rule." With such a spirit shown and such utterances by a bumptious negro, whose self-conceit has been immeasurably increased by the fact that he is the only negro in the Congress of the United States, these Western Republicans can see that it is only a question of time when they will be called upon to vote for negro State officers, negro judges, &c., and for the negroizing of the State, as Wilmington, Greenville and other cities have been negroized by the last Legislature.

While they are perfectly willing to use the negro and get the benefit of his vote, this is a little further than a good many of them care to go or will go, even at the dictation of the bosses. Ordinarily they might stand the political association as they have stood it in the past, but when it comes to an issue square out between white and black then they may conclude that "blood is thicker than water."

And then, too, they have seen the trickery that has been going on for several years between the Republican machine managers and Populist managers, for spoils and spoils only, neither caring a copper for principle, but both perfectly willing to let their "principles lie in abeyance" as statesman Pritchard said he was in the State convention when the question of fusion with the Populists was first broached. They have seen this fusion game played, and now now again proposed, while the only beneficiaries were the men who were elected to office by it. They have failed to discover where they or the State have been benefitted by it, and perhaps they have shared somewhat in the disgust that is so general among honest Populists.

They have seen Governor Russell and Senator Butler planning and plotting to form out of the Republican and Populist parties a Russell-Butler party with a war-on-the-railroads platform and they have become somewhat disgusted with that. But they have had a good deal to disgust them, and a good deal to provoke an insurrection outside of the objection they may have to "ring rule" or the arrogant bossing of Federal officials.

How the bosses will deal with the insurrection or how they will go about suppressing it remains to be seen. In the meantime they are very much alarmed, for they have to face the race issue which is being forced upon them by the more aggressive negroes in their own party and by the Democrats, who welcome it. They will either have to take sides with the negro or against him. There will be no dodging. They will not be permitted to dodge, so that as the situation presents itself now the Democratic party was never in a better shape to enter a contest hopeful of success, nor the Republican party in a worse shape. What there is left of the Populist party, which does not go in with the Democratic party for white supremacy will be a very small factor in the contest.

AN OBJECT LESSON.

The mob of negroes which gathered in the lower part of Princess street Wednesday evening, as told in the STAR yesterday, and for hours menacingly paraded the street and streets adjacent presented an object lesson which every white man and every well-meaning colored man in the State should study.

The cause assigned for this gathering of the mob was the alleged receipt by the author of that infamous assault on the white women of the State, of an anonymous letter ordering him to leave the city. Such a letter may have been received or it may not, but the fact that it was an anonymous letter neutralizes its importance to say nothing less of it. It was certainly not written by any one authorized to speak for the Democrats or for the law abiding people of this community. If there were any disposition to resent that assault by doing violence to the author, the white people would not have waited a week to show their resentment and then contented themselves with sending an anonymous letter.

Suppose the white people had shown the same spirit these street parading negroes did, and had congregated on the streets as they did, how easy it would have been to precipitate a riot that might have cost many lives? That this was not the result is due more than anything else to the self-restraint, patience and forbearance of the white people of the community; who on this occasion showed such splendid self-control.

With such a city government as we have now mobs are simply encouraged, and the lawless made bold by its exhibitions of inefficiency and lack of nerve to assert the sovereignty of the law when the mob is brewing and shows its teeth.

THIS DODGE WILL NOT DO.

The white Republican, Populist and negro leaders, who have sense enough to comprehend the enormity and effect of that infamous attack on the white women of the State, which recently appeared in the negro organ of this city, are resorting to various dodges to shift the responsibility, and break the force of that unparalleled production, the most outrageous that ever appeared in the columns of any newspaper published in this State. Some of the Republicans try to shift the responsibility by repudiating the article and the author and the paper as a Republican organ, although it was recognized as a Republican organ up to the time this editorial assault attracted public attention.

Some of the Populists are resorting to a different method to break its force, by misrepresenting it as a Democratic trick. Mr. Hill E. King is chief clerk of the Agricultural Department at Raleigh. He has struck on this dodge. After discoursing pretty freely on this monstrous utterance he wound up as follows:

"I believe the Democrats either dictated or wrote the editorial in Manly's paper, the *Record*. It looks to me like a Democratic trick for campaign purposes."

This is in line with Rocky Mount Butler's assertion that white Democrats connived at the rapes that were committed in this State, and is as infamous a reflection on Democrats as Butler's Rocky Mount speech was. Hill didn't believe any such thing; there isn't a man, white or black, in this community who believes it, and certainly the Republican executive committee of the county, nearly all of whom are colored men, didn't believe it when they met and repudiated the writing, the editor and the paper. Hill's dodge will not work, but it does show the ineffable meanness of the dodger.

USING THEM AS TOOLS.

Ex-Senator Green, one of the leading Populists of Wake county, who is opposed to the late fusion deal with the Republicans made by the S. Otho Wilson faction of Populists, is quoted as saying:

"I do not think the fusion ticket will get a Populist vote in my township, unless, perhaps, Mr. Knight votes it. We are going to clean up the fusion in Wake this year. I have never voted for a Republican, and never will vote for one. The Republicans are using us as tools. The only hope for the continued existence of our party is to avoid fusion with the Republicans."

This is another Populist who has had his eyes opened, and discovered that "the Republicans are using us as tools." The surprising thing about this is that sensible Populists who were persuaded to support these fusion schemes didn't see this long ago, and didn't catch on to how they were being used to strengthen the Republican party in this State, and to destroy their own party.

It shouldn't have taken three grains of every day sense to see that hunger for office was at the bottom of these fusion schemes, when men who had no principles in common got together and agreed to act together for a satisfactory division of the spoils, and then have the monumental cheek to ask honest men of either party to ratify these bargains and endorse them at the polls. Now some of them are beginning to discover that they have been "used as tools," as ex-Senator Green says, and that they have been used to "put life into the dead hulk of the Republican party," as ex-Senator Atwater, of Chatham county, says. That is precisely what the Populists who have supported fusion have been doing, if it did take them some time to discover it.

Readers of the STAR will remember that we warned honest Populists against this when the fusion schemes were first proposed and the Republican machine managers and Populist machine managers fell upon and embraced each other, and when they won divided the booty and chuckled over how nicely they did it and fooled the honest men who followed them.

TWINKLINGS.

— Bad Aim: "Not a single book that I have written has made a hit." "Hm; you must have some Spanish blood in your veins."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Sympathetic Maiden—"Why Jimmy, you poor boy! Have you been fighting?" Jimmy—"No—I've been fought."—*Judy.*

— Clara—"Are you engaged to Douglas for good?" Gertrude—"It looks so. I don't think he'll ever be able to marry me."—*Life.*

— Jimmy—"I bet your father licks you when he sees you wit' that black eye." Sammy—"No, he won't. He don't lick me fer fightin' 'less'n I git my clothes tored."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Mr. Isaacstein—"So you t'ink young Rosenbaum means peezness?" Rebecca Isaacstein (coyly)—"Yes, papa; he talks nodding but nonsense."—*Puck.*

— "We were always friends," said the Briton. "Of course!" replied the American. "The regrettable part of it," added the Briton, suavely, "is that we ever separated."—*Puck.*

— A Tangled Web: Tommy—"Pa, why are single women called spinsters?" "Pa—"I expect it's because they are always spinning a web to catch a man."—*London Fun.*

— She—"So Mr. Sapper has just celebrated his golden wedding." He—"Golden wedding? Why, he's only just got married." She—"Yes, but the girl has $10,000."—*Tit-Bits.*

— Contractor: "You want a regular mosaic floor, I suppose?" Owner of Building—"Yes, if that's the style. Just as fief have the modern orthodox, though."—*Chicago Tribune.*

— "The Emperor of Germany regards himself as the wonder of the century," exclaimed Maud, who was reading a newspaper. "He has over 200 medals and badges." "Dear me!" exclaimed Mamie, "And until now I didn't even know that he was a bicycle rider!"—*Washington Star.*

The Best Remedy for Flux.

Mr. John Mathias, a well known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician having failed to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and have the pleasure of stating that the half of one bottle cured me." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

POINTS POLITICAL.

NO FUSION FOR HIM.

Last Saturday after the Republican convention adjourned we heard a prominent Populist say: "My party may fuse with that gang if they want to, but I will vote a Democratic ticket from now on, and don't you forget it."—*Carthage Blade.*

REPUBLICAN HYPOCRISY.

Republicans harp on the purity of the ballot box, yet under the new election law they swindled N. B. Broughton, one of the best men in the State, out of his seat in the last Legislature and give it to his opponent, the negro Jim Young.—*Lexington Dispatch.*

200 TO 35.

The Democrats in their primary in Lowesville township, Lincoln county, in '96 polled only 35 votes and in last Saturday's primary they polled nearly 200. Those fellows who have been preaching the Democratic party's funeral since '90 will find it a lively corpse next November.—*Charlotte News.*

THE STAR IS RIGHT.

The Wilmington STAR is right. The party in power whose administration made possible the infamous insult by the negro Republican editor should and will be held responsible. But for this combination and its evil tendencies and vicious influences, no such outrage could or would have occurred.—*Raleigh Post.*

RUSSELL'S "SAVAGES."

A few more "didoes" by Russell's "savages" from Fort Macon, and a few more outrages committed by these black hyenas on the good white people in Morehead City, and there will not be enough white Republicans in Carteret county in November for a corporal's guard, much less a majority.—*Beaufort Herald-Dispatch.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Clinton *Democrat:* A telegram was received here Monday announcing the death of Mrs. Fleet Cooper, mother of our townsman, Mr. F. R. Cooper, at Autryville, on Sunday. Mrs. Cooper was about 75 years of age, and had been suffering from the results of a fall which she received some time ago.

— Morehead City *Pilot:* Since the colored troops have been in camp at Fort Macon, several of the white hucksters have been going over to the camp with watermelons and other fruits to sell to the soldiers, but since the white people of this community have complained so much of the lawless conduct of some of the scoundrels from the camp, Col. Young has drawn the line against them, and now no white person is allowed to enter the camy—for any purpose—that privilege being allowed the colored people exclusively.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: The rice crop throughout the county is much better in quality and larger in acreage than it has been in many years. —— At the age of 80 Mrs. Betsy Williams, the widow of Mr. Isaac Williams, died at her home in Greene county Sunday morning. —— There are now twenty-one persons in the Wayne county jail awaiting trial at the term of the Superior Court, which convenes on the 12th day of September. This is about the same number that were in there last year at the September of the Superior Court. Among them are two capital cases.

—Chatham *Record:* The division of officers as proposed by the Populist executive committee of this county, would give to the Populists offices that pay about $14,000, and would give to the Republicans offices that pay about $750! —— On last Wednesnight three stores at Siler City were broken open and their safes robbed of a considerable sum of money. Suspicion being directed towards a strange negro who had been lurking in that vicinity, pursuit was at once begun and the burglar, who afterwards confessed to the crime, was captured, but only after ho had been shot at and hit four different times. A reporter of the *Record*, upon interviewing the prisoner, who was brought here last Saturday and placed in jail, learns tnat he is from Warsaw, N.C., and beat his way to Siler City on a freight train the night previous to the night of the burglary. He is coal black in color, of medium build and appears to be about 19 years old and says his name is John Henry.

Dubious Wish.

Mr. Badger always meant well, but he had an unfortunate talent for saying the right thing in the wrong way.

"Everybody must grow old," remarked Mrs. Badger, with a sigh, as her husband finished some remarks apropos of the sudden aging of one of her friends.

"Not everybody," said Mr. Badger, who was nothing if not exact in his statements. "You mean everybody who lives long enough." Then with a fond smile he added, "I can't bear to think that my dear wife may possibly grow old."

Then Mrs. Badger, who was of a hysterical turn, burst into tears, and her husband was filled with amazement.—Youth's Companion.

Cause For Tears.

Dr. Pitcairn, being in a church in Edinburgh where the preacher was not only emphatic but shed tears copiously, was moved to inquire of a countryman who sat by him what it was all about. "What the deevil makes him greet" was the inquiry. "Faith," said the man, slowly turning round, "ye had maybe greet yourself, if ye was up there and had as little to say!"

Brunswick County Democratic Convention.

The Democrats of Brunswick are requested to meet in County Convention at Lockwood's Folly on Thursday, the first day of September, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of nominating county candidates, electing an Executive Committee—five active Democrats for each precinct—Chairman of County Executive Committee and delegates to Senatorial Convention. All who have heretofore affiliated with other parties and intend to support the Democratic nominees are cordially invited to meet with us.

By order of the County Executive Committee.
D. B. MCNEILL,
August 6, 1898. Chairman.

The Rev. W. B. Costley, of Stockbridge, Ga., while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellenwood, that State, was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: "By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

ACCURATE GUNNERY.

SCIENCE RULES THE FIRING OF MODERN NAVAL WEAPONS.

The Intricate Yet Rapid Method by Which the Gunner "Gets the Drop" on His Enemy — Calculations Which Involve the Higher Mathematics.

Ask a modern man-o'-war's man what a powder monkey is and he will smile at your seeming ignorance and tell you that the powder monkey was a boy who in the days when a wooden frigate was the ideal line of battle ship used to hand the powder up from the magazine in the vessel's lowest hold to the gun deck, adding that he is now obsolete. The passing of the powder monkey is one of many things which mark the difference between the old navy and the new. The difference began when the hydraulic lift supplanted the powder monkey, when the ordinary seaman became something more than a mere man of brawn and courage, and ended with the transformation of the gunner from the grade of ordinary seaman, who knew but to obey order, into a trained man capable of working with accuracy and precision.

"All the difference in the world," said an old seaman who began his naval life as a powder monkey 30 years ago, but who now cannot qualify as a gunner of any class, in commenting on the changed conditions. "Now it's all a matter of education, and while I used to be called a good man at the butt end of an old smoothbore my place is taken by lads and I'm laid by."

The ordinary seaman of the present navy, who operates the small guns which compose the secondary battery of a battleship and are used only at close range, has taken the place of the old time gunner, and he in turn has risen and is now a warrant officer, occupying a place between the seaman and the noncommissioned officer, having a mess apart from the ordinary seaman. He is not, however, eligible to advancement further than that of a gunner of the first class. Below him are the gunners of the second class, formerly the gunners' mates, and the gunners of the third class, who in the days of the old navy were known as the gunners' apprentices. In the old order of naval affairs gunners rose from the rank of ordinary seaman and had as their only claim to their titles the skill in the point blank shooting of the time acquired by long practice.

Besides the cool head, steady hand and keen eye of the old time gunner, the gunner of the new navy must possess a gunner's education, including not only a thorough knowledge of both common and decimal fractions, but also the use and application of the principles of algebra, geometry, trigonometry and trajectory.

He is taught, first, that to locate to a nicety the object upon which he is to train his gun he must observe it from two different points, and then having established a base line and the two adjacent angles by the science of triangulation he finds the the intervening distance. Many experiments have resulted in the formulation of tables and the invention of mechanical instruments which make the calculation a matter of but a few seconds. These are based upon the science of trajectory and enable the gunner to know in an instant at what angle to elevate his gun.

Comparatively simple as this may seem with the use of the instruments and tables, it embraces in naval gunnery accurate calculations of the speed and direction of motion of the vessel carrying the gun, the speed and direction of motion of the target if it be another ship, and the direction and velocity of the wind, not one of which can be disregarded if the range be a long one, but which at close range are overcome to a great extent by the shorter distance and by the high rate of speed attained by the projectile.

In the case of a moving vessel being the target, the range is determined by means of the range finder and noted. After an interval of two minutes or a convenient fraction thereof a second calculation is made. By the tables the distance in yards between the two points is determined, and this divided by the interval of time gives the speed. By another table, based upon the rate of speed attained by the projectile and the range, the distance which the target will have traversed during the flight of the projectile may be obtained and the gun aimed at such an angle as to cause the shot to take effect as desired.

By another process, if the ship upon which the gunner is stationed be moving, the aim can be made quite as accurate, and to this exact reduction of the science is due the almost marvelous marksmanship of the Yankee gunners.

While our modern gunner must know thoroughly all this, he does not have the opportunity in an engagement to apply it. To the officers in the conning tower and in the turret falls the task of determining the ranges. This is usually done by the officers on board the flagship and communicated to the officers on board the other ships by means of signals. From them the gunner in the turret gets his angle, and by means of a lever and a scale elevates or depresses his gun as his orders may require.

Then comes the task which he alone may perform. Attached to his gun near the breech is a powerful telescope, fitted at the outer lens with a horizontal and a vertical hair, crossing at right angles in the center. Through this he locates his mark and, having done so, knows that his aim is true.

In spite of the exactness of the science, it is necessary, under unfavorable atmospheric conditions, such as fog or rain, to resort to the old method of trial shots. A smaller gun is used, and by means of a range finder attached to its breech the range can soon be determined.

Then the gunner applies the knowledge which has given him his rank, and science does what the greatest skill of the old days could not.

The long range shot of the new guns, the one which enables the gunner nowadays to watch the course of the projectile and note the havoc it creates even at the distance of several miles, was impracticable because of the small power of the old smoothbore. The close blank shot and the broadside were the ones upon which the old gunner counted for victory. Without the aid of science he sighted his cumbersome piece, while his crew stood ready with ramrod, swab, powder and shot. Minutes were consumed in the execution of the orders: "Load! To battery! Fire!" while now each order is expected to be executed in a few seconds.

Where ten shots whistled harmlessly about the ears of the enemy then the modern gunner feels his disgrace keenly if by chance in an entire engagement one or two of his shots miss the mark.—New York Sun.

It has been beautifully said that "the veil which covers the face of futurity is woven by the hand of mercy."

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhœa, accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief we sent for a physician, and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days, and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about, and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. BOGGS, Stumptown, Gilmer county, W. Va. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

The Sure La Grippe Cure.

There is no use suffering from this dreadful malady, if you will only get the right remedy. You are having pain all through your body, your liver is out of order, have no appetite, no life or ambition, have a bad cold, in fact are completely used up. Electric Bitters is the only remedy that will give you prompt and sure relief. They act directly on your Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, tone up the whole system and make you feel like a new being. They are guaranteed to cure or price refunded. For sale at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store, only 50 cents per bottle. †

MAKING READY FOR A RUN

A Locomotive Is Almost as Carefully Groomed as a Race Horse.

"Running the Fast Express" is the title of an article by George Ethelbert Walsh in St. Nicholas. Mr. Walsh says:

The engineer comes down to his post of duty nearly an hour before his train is scheduled to leave. All night long in the roundhouse the engine has been carefully watched; a wiper has spent the whole night rubbing down the panting snorting iron horse until every rod and cylinder shines like gold or silver, the banked fire has been kept going, so that a little steam has been always in the boxes, and before he left at night the fireman put everything in perfect order inside the cab. The fireman appears first in the morning and inspects the work of the roundhouse men, and if any part is not satisfactory he makes it so. The engineer makes his inspection after the fireman and thoroughly and carefully examines every part. All the bearings are then oiled, and the oil cups are filled with oil. Next the engine is run out of the roundhouse and tested. Fifteen minutes before the time to start the engine is coupled to the train, and the steam and airbrakes are tested.

No race horse was ever brought to his post better fitted for running the course than is the locomotive of the fast express. In addition to the tests already made, a mechanic goes from wheel to wheel, and upon every one strikes a sharp, resounding blow to ascertain if the wheel and axle are sound. Nuts and bolts are examined. The engineer and fireman are held responsible for the perfect condition of the engine and cars before the start is made.

A Long Sentence.

Williston Palmer is the name of a white man against whom there are sentences of 209 years in the Georgia penitentiary. Palmer was originally sent up for 11 years from south Georgia for burglary. Shortly afterward while working in the mines of Dade county he attempted, with other convicts, to escape, and in the melee that followed he killed two of the guards. He was tried some time ago for the killing of the first guard and got 99 years. He was then put on trial for the killing of the other man and got 99 years more.—Exchange.

Comparative.

A.—My wife says she saw the lights all burning in your house as she came home from the ball at 3 o'clock in the morning. She thought it a little strange.

B.—A little stranger. It was a little stranger.—London Tit-Bits.

The one who will be found in trial capable of great acts of love is ever the one who is doing considerable small ones.—F. W. Robertson.

The tailors in Paris make clothes "a l'Anglais" (in English fashion), and the London tailors "a la Francaise" (in French fashion).

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D.: "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and $1. Guaranteed or price refunded. †

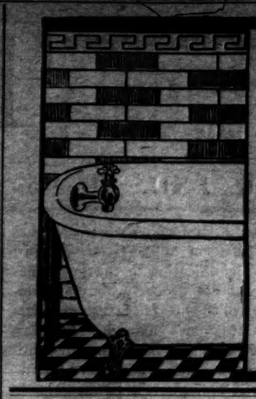
CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute	6½ @	7
Standard	7 @	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ ℔	12 @	12½
Sides ℔ ℔	@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔	@	7
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ ℔	@	6
Shoulders ℔ ℔	@	5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	@	1 10
New New York, each	@	1 20
New City, each	@	1 10
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	@	24
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15 @	18
Northern	18 @	25
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	40
Virginia Meal	@	40
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	@	80
CANDLES—℔ ℔—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	8 @	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	@	11
State	10½ @	12
COFFEE—℔ ℔—		
Laguyra	12 @	16
Rio	7½ @	9
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	12 @	14
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00 @	26 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ half-bbl	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	@	7 25
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5 @	10
Extra	4 25 @	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—		
Low grade	@	3 25
Choice	@	3 50
Straight	3 75 @	4 00
First Patents	4 75 @	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½ @	9½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bgs—White	@	53½
Car load, in bags—White	@	50
Oats, from store	38 @	40
Oats, Rust Proof	@	45
Cow Peas	90 @	1 00
HIDES—℔ ℔—		
Green	@	5
Dry	@	12
HAY—℔ 100 ℔s—		
Clover Hay	80 @	85
Rice Straw	@	50
Eastern	@	90
Western	@	90
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1½ @	4
LARD, ℔ ℔—		
Northern	5½ @	7
North Carolina	5 @	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15 @	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed)—℔ M ft—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hogshead	@	26
Barbadoes in barrels	@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels	@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12 @	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14 @	15
Syrup, in barrels	12 @	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 40 @	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess	11 00 @	11 50
Rump	@	12 00
Prime	@	11 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10 @	12
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum	@	1 10
Liverpool	70 @	75
American	70 @	75
On the ℔ Sack	@	1¼
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00 @	6 50
Common	1 50 @	2 25
Cypress Saps	3 00 @	3 50
SUGARS, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5½ @	5¾
Standard A	@	5¼
White Extra C	@	5
Extra C, Golden	@	4¾
C, Yellow	@	4¼
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½ @	6
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00 @	14 00
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M sort—Shipping	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	@	6 00
Common Mill	4 00 @	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary	@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 Heart	7 00 @	8 00
6x24 Sap	5 00 @	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50 @	5 00
5x24 Sap	4 00 @	4 50
6x24 Heart	5 00 @	6 00
6x24 Sap	3 50 @	4 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00 @	1 00
North Carolina	1 00 @	1 00
WOOL, ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8 @	18



Healthfulness

of the bath depends largely on cleanliness of the bath tub. Court health and abundant sickness by using

GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER

for all household cleansing purposes. Largest package—greatest economy.

Sold everywhere. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Philadelphia. Boston.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, August 25.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market steady at 26½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 26 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market steady at $1.00 per bbl for Strained and $1.05 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1.20 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.10 per barrel for Hard, $1.60 for Dip, and $1.60 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady, 25¼, 25¼c; rosin firm, $1.15, $1.20; tar firm, $1.10; crude turpentine firm, $1.30, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	183
Rosin	715
Tar	186
Crude Turpentine	99

Receipts same day last year.—210 casks spirits turpentine, 449 bbls rosin, 223 bbls tar, 5 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market dull on a basis of 5¾c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 15-16 cts. ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4¼ " "
Low Middling	4 15-16 " "
Middling	5¾ " "
Good Middling	5¾ " "

Same day last year, middling 7⅜c.

Receipts—1 bale; same day last year, 4.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 75c; Fancy, 75c; Spanish, 70@80c.

CORN.—Firm; 52½ to 55 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE.—$1.00 to $1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON.—Steady; hams, 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES.—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to $3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to $6.50.

TIMBER.—Market steady at $2.50 to $6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Money on call firm at 1½@3 per cent., last loan being at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange heavy; actual business in bankers' bills 485@485¼ for demand; 484½@484¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 484@485 and 486@486½. Commercial bills 482¾. Silver certificates 59¼@59¾. Bar silver 60¼. Mexican dollars 46½. Government bonds were firm; U. S. new 4's, registered, 127@128; do. coupon, 127@128; U. S. 4's 111@112; do. coupon, 111½@113¾; U. S. 3's, 98; U. S. 5's, registered, 113¼@113; do. 5's, coupon, 112@113. State bonds dull; N. C. 6's 125; 4's 102.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Rosin dull. Spirits turpentine quiet.

CHARLESTON, August 25.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26c; no sales. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, August 25.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27c; sales 275 casks; receipts 1,215 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 3,693 barrels; receipts 3,622 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—On the strength of a better class of cable news than had been looked for and the reports of extremely hot weather, reinforced by claims of injury in the Southwest, as the result of drought, the cotton market opened quiet at an advance of 2 to 3 points and further advanced 1 to 2 points, without, however, developing much outside speculative

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

CHINESE MEDICAL SCIENCE.

Has Not Improved Any Since the Time of Confucius.

Chinese surgeons should delight the heart of the American surgeon who is wedded to the "ethics" of his profession. One of them was called to attend a patient who had been hit with an arrow, which was sticking in the wound when the surgeon arrived. That gentleman tried to pull it out, but succeeded only in breaking it off, leaving the point in his patient's interior. Then the surgeon declined to do anything more, saying that all ailments of the inner body were in the field of physicians and not of surgeons, and he stuck to it.

The Chinese physician does not know enough to give him a headache. He has no curiosity and never peers into the inner life of a subject. He is content to practice medicine as his predecessors did, and in his science the liver still is the seat of the soul, as it was in the days of Confucius. Therefore, from the liver come all the noble and generous sentiments that make life worth living, and no self respecting surgeon or physician would probe this seat of mystery rudely.

Ideas of pleasure have their origin in the pit of the stomach. Naturally it would be impious to prod that place with knives, so stomach troubles are treated with incantations. The gall bladder is the place where a man keeps his courage, and the head is a solid bone.

These remarkable teachings have been handed down through generations, and the number of Chinese books on medicine is astounding, but each book contents itself with repeating the things that the first Chinaman discovered, so they do not shed much light. Lancing is the favored and, indeed, almost the only operation. A Chinaman thinks that he cannot get to heaven if his body is mutilated, and he will not let a surgeon cut off even a little finger if he can help it.

The Chinese are not the only people who object to amputation through religious scruples. Turks will endure anything rather than to be barred from paradise, which they know will happen if they arrive at the gates in a cut up condition. In Burma a king died recently because he would not allow the touch of a surgical instrument to pollute his royal body.—New York Press.

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Famous Line

of Fine Footwear at

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Also, Low Cut Shoes at Low Cut Prices.

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Will re-open September 1, 1898, with improved equipment in every department. Twenty-three experienced specialists in Faculty. Full courses in Agriculture, Science, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Expenses very moderate.

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WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH N. C.

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Established in 1793. Maj. R. BINGHAM, A.M., LL.D., Supt. Military; U. S. Army Officer detailed.

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BIG G

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE CRANE CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

GRANDPA'S WAY.

Somehow, of all the day we children used to dread
When night would come, and mother'd say,
"Now, children, go to bed,"
Till grandpa came to visit us. He was a soldier, and you see
He's just as good and pleasant as ever he can be.

The very first night he asked mother, with a smile,
If the children ever marched to bed in good old soldier style.
Then he commenced to count, "One, two, one, two." I tell you, it was fine,
And you don't know how quickly we all fell into line.

Since then, all day we kind of look ahead
For night to come, when we, like soldiers, can march away to bed.
And grandpa says, if we've a task, we'll find it just the same—
It's so much easier to do if it has a pleasant name.

—Florence A. Hayes in American Agriculturist.

INSULTED ONLY HIS HAT.

A Duel Which Didn't Take Place, Between Houssaye and Sherbette.

Houssaye and his wife once went to the ball of the Hotel de Ville with Victor Hugo and Mme. Hugo. When they entered the dancing hall, there were very few vacant chairs. Upon one that Houssaye noticed there was merely a man's hat. He took up the hat and gave the chair to Mme. Hugo; then, not wishing to hold the hat the rest of the evening, he put it on the floor. Its owner soon came back. He was a celebrated duellist, a deputy, M. Sherbette. He walked straight up to the chair, saw his hat on the floor and turned savagely to Houssaye:

"Is it you, sir, who have removed my hat?" he said.

"Yes," said Houssaye.

"Did you put it on the floor?"

"Yes. Do you think I ought to have put it on my head?"

"Sir, you have insulted me. Here is my card."

Houssaye in turn took out a card and threw it into the hat.

"Sir," said the deputy furiously, "do you suppose I am going to pick up that hat?"

"Sir," answered Houssaye, "do you suppose I am going to put it on your head?"

"I require, sir," said the deputy, "that you replace my hat on the chair where it was."

Houssaye merely laughed, and finally the deputy, under pretext of looking at the card that had been thrown into the hat, picked the hat up.

"M. Houssaye," he said, "we are from the same town, a reason more for our meeting."

"I await your seconds," said Houssaye.

Within 15 minutes four seconds had been found, and it was decided that there should be a duel with pistols at 20 paces in the Bois de Boulogne at daybreak or as soon as the ball was over. Accordingly after spending the rest of the night dancing principals and seconds met in the cloakroom ready to proceed to the dueling ground.

"It is a nuisance," said one of the deputy's seconds, "to have to go to the Bois in this snowstorm."

"Come," said the other to his principal, "as you are the injured party you can apologize."

"Never!" said the deputy.

The seconds then went to Houssaye.

"Say one word to free us from this task. We want to go to bed."

"Never!" said Houssaye.

He thereupon jammed on his hat with a slant over the right ear, the deputy jammed on his with a slant over the left, and they were ready to start. At this juncture Hugo, who wanted to go home with his wife, interposed.

"After all," he said, "I think that Arsene Houssaye, having insulted only M. Sherbette's hat, might make an apology to it."

The deputy paused.

"If Arsene Houssaye declares," he said, "that in offeading my hat he did not mean to offend me, I will be satisfied with his declaration."

Houssaye promptly assured the deputy that he had not aimed at him under his hat, and the duel was at an end.—Exchange.

The Uses of Children's Pets.

"There is an ethical and scientific use in associating the child with small animals," writes Charles M. Skinner in The Ladies' Home Journal. "Have puppies and kittens in the yard—these will keep the peace if they start in life together—and, if consistent or possible, have a few toads and a turtle, or even a baby alligator. These inhabitants of your premises will be found instructive and amusing, and incidentally I may remark that they are useful in destroying insect pests that will otherwise ravage your pet plants. Do not try to keep a large dog in a small yard. He will chafe under his confinement and may sicken or develop ill temper. Put up a birdhouse and if possible have a few of our own birds to fill it—not the sparrows, but the robins, bluebirds, orioles, warblers and wrens. One of the benefits that come from a friendship with animals will be the growth of justice and chivalry in your children. Teach them to love these dependents, to guard their rights, to protect them from abuse, to discover their many relations to our own species."

Brief and to the Point.

Patrick Ryan, a section foreman in Colorado, never wasted company material nor words. One foggy morning while running over his section he collided with an extra freight, and Ryan's car was reduced to scrap iron and kindling wood. The report of the accident to his superior officer was as follows:

Pether Moriarity, Roadmaster, Esquire: August the wan; foggy mornin'; wildcat frate, green man at the brek; handkar smashed to hell; where will I ship the wreck!

P. RYAN, sec. man.

—San Francisco Argonaut.

Jockey Pictures.

Race tracks are generally on the level, but when the jockeys are preparing for the start it is diversified with "mountin" scenery.—Boston Courier.

A DRINK OF WATER.

IT MAY CARRY DISEASE UNLESS THE FLUID IS BOILED.

Methods by Which This May Be Accomplished Without Destroying the Taste of the Liquid—The Absorbent Qualities of Water.

Every housewife should make it a point to see that her family are supplied with boiled water to drink, boiled water in their food, if in any way it is used. Every person who lives or eats in town should try to know that she or he drinks only boiled water, but, oh, how hard this is when one boards or takes meals at the cafes and restaurants of the town.

There is a science in cooking water that few know or even guess. We content ourselves by grumbling at the "flat" taste, the "queer twang," the almost "oily feeling" of the water as we swallow it, and half of us try to substitute melted ice in place of the cooked water as our mainstay in the fluid world of the epicure.

This substitution is all wrong. Ice may not be purer, freezing does not kill microbes, nor does it disable germs. Fire, cleansing, purifying fire, is the only thing that will throttle incipient disease in the germ form, be it lurking in water or in clothing. In the one we may boil the harm away; in the other we must burn it away and lose the things in toto but for our chemical burning—in other words, fumigation.

Is there any one in the intelligent world who would wilfully and knowingly put on the clothes of a scarlet fever patient before they were purified? No. Still there are thousands of us who do deliberately drink up the water supplied us by the city, knowing it to be bad, probably disease laden, without the least effort to protect ourselves against the evil results.

For perfect boiled water you need a perfectly clear receptacle. Glass is the best. If you have a two quart bottle, fill it two-thirds full and cork it. Then heat it in water, of course, until the water within it is boiled and stand aside uncorked to cool.

So far this is very simple. The water within the bottle is pure; but, oh, how flat and tasteless, how unsatisfying! It is boiled, but it is not ready to be used. Take the bottle outdoors and uncork. Let the fresh air slowly fill in over the water; then cork and shake. You must repeat this operation several times, until the once lifeless water is thoroughly aired. That is one of the secrets. Boiled water is flat because the air is forced out of it, and in all moving water air is very largely present.

"But if you let the air in you fill it up with germs again," objected one woman when this recipe was given her.

Quite true, you do, but consider. The air you introduce into the water is the air you are introducing into your lungs, your blood, every nook and cranny of your being at every breath. Air, outdoor air, except in very rare cases, is health giving more than it can be harmful, and if you wish sweet, sparkling, thirst quenching water to drink at your meals, you must take the trouble to make it, just as the bread and the meats are regularly prepared.

That is recipe No. 1, the best and simplest—boil the water in a corked bottle two-thirds full and then admitting air shake several times.

In cases where a large quantity of water is needed the bottle recipe is too limited and another way is advised. Take a new tin pail or one of granite ware and fill with water. Boil it at a time when there is nothing else cooking in the kitchen. That is an absolute essential to the success of the operation. If you boil drinking water on Monday while the odor of suds is in the air, do not be surprised at a horrid soapy taste in your water at the table. That greasy quality so often found in boiled water is simply the proof that it was boiled when the doughnuts were being made or the sausage fried. Water is a veritable sponge in an inverted sense; it sucks up the surrounding atmosphere as does the sponge water that comes within its reach. So it is that if you wish tasteless water you must boil it when there is no taste in the air, so to speak. Again, the airing process must be gone through to make the water perfect, but as it has been boiled and cooled in the air, this water will not need to be shaken so much as does that cooked in the closed bottle. In this feature of this process it is simpler than the other method, but remember it takes the kitchen all to itself for the boiling—no scrubbing or sweeping or cooking of any kind and a well aired room are its requirements.

In speaking of water and its absorbent qualities it is in order to mention a fact that is too often utterly overlooked. It is that water that has stood overnight is seldom fit to drink, and that if it has been standing in a sleeping room it is positively bad, filled with the exhalations of the sleepers. It is in this quality a real disinfectant. If in case of illness water is stood in a room and constantly changed, many of the disease germs are absorbed by it and thus got rid of.

Simple as this question it, it shows most plainly in the fact that difficulty is experienced in handling it that there is a right and a wrong way of doing everything. The right way to boil water has been explained, and if the receipts are enforced by the individual interest of the mistress of the house success must be the result. Boil all drinking water. It is a little trouble, but not a hundredth part so hard as to nurse your husband through an illness or to be ill yourself. It is a big saving of time in the end.—Philadelphia Times.

To Make Aspic Jelly.

Aspic jelly, which is still a terrifying name to many amateur cooks, is made in a few minutes and, if necessary, out of that emergency material, a jar of beef extract. A half box of gelatin is soaked for 20 minutes in four tablespoonfuls of cold water. Meantime in a saucepan is put a level teaspoonful of beef extract and a pint of hot water. In this is simmered a slice of onion, a bit of celery, a bay leaf and a few peppercorns. When the gelatin is dissolved, it is added, the whole strained and set away in a square rimmed basin preferably, in order that it may be easily cut up into blocks. A little of this garnishes cold meats or veal loaf and other potted or pressed meats, and is effective, too, around forms of salad. It is occasionally served with lettuce and a French dressing as a salad by itself.—New York Post.

A Doubtful Assertion.

Browne—They say that drowning men catch at straws.

Towne—Yes, but I doubt it. I've seen a number of men drown, and those of them who had any preference at all seemed in favor of a plank. In fact, I do not now recall ever having been asked for a straw by a gentleman who was drowning.—New York Journal.

Warts.

These are better left alone than treated injudiciously. They may be safely and certainly cured by keeping them constantly damp with rag dipped in vinegar, then slicing them off thinly day by day and applying powdered alum to the fresh surface. Another plan is to touch them every second day or so with the pointed end of a slate pencil or match dipped in acetic, glacial acetic, muriatic, nitric or sulphuric acid or a mixture of chromic acid, one part to four parts water, daily. All these demand great care. A safer though slower process is to moisten each wart with a drop of water or the tip of the tongue, then well rub it with lunar caustic. Next day or in two days carefully remove the black surface with a knife, repeating the caustic, and so on as may be necessary.—New York Ledger.

Cuba.

Cuba is known in history under several names. The first was Antilla; then Juana, after a Spanish prince. Fernandina came third, followed by Santiago and the isle of Ave Maria. The original Indian name, Cubanacan, signifying "where gold is found," was finally adopted, and usage shortened it to the first two syllables.

A clever mot was made by a member of parliament during another member's proxy speech. The latter happening to yawn during his remarks, the other commented, "This man is not without taste, but he usurps our privilege."

Australia could be made to support 400,000,000 inhabitants of the black or yellow races, who would be able to endure the climate.

A CONFEDERATE CRUISER.

The Amount Captured by One Privateer In Eight Months.

Just what one little privateer can do has been revealed by the short career of the Confederate cruiser Shenandoah. She was actually cruising for the destruction of Union property but eight months, and during that time she captured and destroyed vessels to the value of $1,900,000, and the United States had never been able to direct a blow against her. She had visited every ocean except the Antarctic, covering a distance of 58,000 statute miles. She destroyed many whalers in the Arctic ocean. It was there that the last gun for the southern cause was fired. It was fired from the deck of the privateer cruiser Shenandoah by Commander James Iredell Waddell on June 22, 1865, just 74 days after the surrender of Lee at Appomattox.

Commander Waddell could not persuade himself to enter an American port and for some time aimlessly scoured the seas. In August, however, he spoke the English ship Barracouta, bound from San Francisco to Liverpool, and from her received conclusive evidence of the end of the war between the states. He resolved to seek an English port, and so on Nov. 5 the Shenandoah entered St. George's channel, having sailed 22,000 miles without seeing land. On Nov. 6 she steamed up the Mersey, and the Confederate flag having been hauled down by Commander Waddell, he sent a communication to Earl Russell, English minister of foreign affairs, placing his ship at the disposal of the British government. Through Earl Russell the vessel was transferred to the jurisdiction of the American minister, Charles Francis Adams, who caused her to be conveyed to this country to be dismantled.—Atlanta Constitution.

Mr. Brewster's Reply.

The late Benjamin H. Brewster, President Arthur's attorney general, whose face was terribly disfigured by scars, was once engaged in a case as attorney for the Pennsylvania railroad, and the opposing counsel in his closing speech made a most brutal attack on him. "The dealings of the railroad," he said, "are as tortuous and twisted as the features of the man who represented it."

Mr. Brewster gave no outward sign that he felt this cruel blow until he had finished his argument. Then he said:

"For the first time in my life the personal defect from which I suffer has been the subject of public remark. I will tell you how I came by it. When I was 5 years of age, I was one day playing with a younger sister when she fell into an open grate where a fire was burning. I sprang to her assistance, dragged her from danger, and in doing so I fell myself, with my face upon the burning coals. When I was picked up, my face was as black"—and his finger transfixed his antagonist—"as that man's heart."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets. †

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

TRUTH

Will Prevail.

That is why our ads. bring such results. Last week, while trade seemed stagnated at other houses,

WE HAD A RUSH

of business that was really remarkable for the season. We had advertised a line of unmatchable BARGAINS, and the people knew they would find them when they came.

When you read a statement made by us, in this or any other space, you can depend upon it being the TRUTH.

OTHER BARGAINS

DISPLAYED FOR THIS WEEK

and prices are plainly marked on them. Our buyer will leave for Northern markets in a few days, and will attend to any SPECIAL ORDERS that may be intrusted to us.

NEW CARPETS arriving daily and Special Prices for the month of August.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.

Sole agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns.

au 14 tf

Foreclosure.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by W. C. Craft and wife Jennie L. C. Craft and Thos. C. Craft and Lucy C. Craft to John D. Bellamy, recorded in Book No. 28, pages 261, 262, 263 of the records of New Hanover county, the undersigned as attorney, will on Monday, the 19th day of September, A. D. 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, two certain tracts described in said mortgage. First, that lot in the State and county above named and City of Wilmington, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the northern line of Princess street 66 feet east of the eastern line of Eighth street, running thence along said line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet, thence south and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning.

Also a Lot in the said city beginning at the northeastern intersection of Eighth and Princess streets, runs thence east with the eastern line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet to the eastern line of Eighth street, thence south along Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning. Both tracts being in Block 185. W. B. McKOY,

au 11 30d Attorney.

FORECLOSURE.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in two certain Mortgage Deeds made by W. C. Craft and wife, Jennie C. Craft, to the Mechanic's Home Association, duly recorded in Book 19, page 602, et. seq., and the other in Book No. 30, page 100, et seq., of the records of New Hanover county, the undersigned attorney will on Wednesday, August 31st, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, all the undivided interest of W. C. Craft and wife in the land conveyed in said mortgages—48 by reference to said mortgages will fully appear—in the following described tract of land in the said State and county, and city of Wilmington, and in Block No. 185, according to the present official plan, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning in the northern line of Princess street, at a point 66 feet east of its intersection with the eastern line of Eighth street, thence running eastwardly along the northern line of Princess street sixty-six (66) feet, thence north and parallel with the said line of Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with the said line of Princess street sixty-six (66) feet, thence south and parallel with the said line of Eighth street one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet to the beginning. W. B. McKOY,

Attorney for the Mechanic's Home Association. au 9 30d

When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

For Health and Pleasure

Go To Cleveland Springs,

LEE & MILLER, Props., Shelby, N. C.

CHARMING CUISINE,

Rates Reasonable, Superb Service,

THIRTEEN SPRINGS.

Mr. J. E. Montague, late Manager of The Orton

for nine years, is connected with the management, and will be glad to see his friends. su we je26 tf

ICE, ICE, ICE,

In Any Quantity From

10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

Careful Personal Attention Given All Orders.

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MAXTON BUILDING

AND

LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

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G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. McRAE, Rasmont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER, Secreta jan 1 tf

FOR SALE.

Desirable Tract of Land

Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 813 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Straw berries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 613 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address THE MORNING STAR,
my 23 tf Wilmington N. C.

WANTED

5,000 lbs. Wool.

3,000 lbs. Beeswax.

WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

je 4 tf 12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

FOR RENT.

One Nicely Furnished Room, suitable for one or two young men, with or without board. Apply to 116 Dock street, or to 11 South Front street. jy 31 tf

Jackson Springs Hotel.

Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.,
Nov. 12, 1897.

H. E. Thompson, Providential, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder has disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,

Yours, Respectfully, &c.,

CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

Packed for Shipping.

This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

For prices and further particulars, address

H. E. THOMPSON,
my 12 tf Providential, Moore Co., N. C

SEND US

Your Orders for

Flour, Coffee, Meal,

Corn, Oats, Hay,

MEAT, &c.

AND GET

BOTTOM PRICES.

D. McEACHERN,

Wholesale Grocer.

je 12 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER

Condensed Schedule

In Effect July 3rd, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	8 30 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	11 40 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 50 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 54 "
Leave Sanford	1 08 P. M.
Leave Climax	3 10 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 40 "
Leave Greensboro	3 50 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 37 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 07 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 36 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 00 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 45 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 09 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 36 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 15 P. M
Leave Climax	12 42 "
Leave Sanford	2 30 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 40 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 52 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 02 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 05 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8,00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 03 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 30 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 46 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 33 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 53 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Arrive Maxton	6 00 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennetsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

CONNECTIONS!

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
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The Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C.

AND

Georgetown, S. C. Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

CROATAN ..... Saturday, August 20th
BENEFACTOR ..... Saturday, August 27th

Wilmington for New York.

BENEFACTOR ..... Saturday, August 20th
CROATAN ..... Saturday, August 27th

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN ..... Tuesday, August 23d

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

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Bagging, Ties, Fish Kegs and Salt.

1000 Rolls 2 lb Bagging.
500 Rolls 1 3-4 Bagging.
1500 Bundles Ties.
500 Fish Kegs.
1000 Sacks, 200 lbs. Salt.
500 Sacks, 180 lbs. Salt.
500 Sacks, 110 lbs. Salt.
500 Sacks, 100 lbs. Salt.

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Academy and College.

For nearly 100 years this institution for the higher education of young women has occupied the very front rank and was never more numerously attended than now. It is not only provided with a high-grade College Course, but has experts in all of its special schools of Music, Art, Elocution, Commercial and Industrial Studies. We will be pleased to send catalogue on application. Term begins Sept. 8th.

JOHN H. CLEWELL, Principal,
au 7 tf Salem North Carolina

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect July 28, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11.14 a. m., Goldsboro 12.05 a. m., Wilson 12.49 p. m., Rocky Mount 1.30 p. m., Tarboro 2.31 p. m., Weldon 3.35 p. m., Petersburg 5.34 p. m., Richmond 6.40 p. m., Norfolk 8.55 p. m., Washington 11.30 p. m., Baltimore 1.58 a. m., Philadelphia 3.50 a. m., New York 6.53 a. m., †Boston 3.00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.32 p. m., Warsaw 9.10 p. m., Goldsboro 10.10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 8.45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11.37 p. m. Weldon 1.48 a. m., †Norfolk 10.15 a. m., Petersburg 3.14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7.41 a. m., Baltimore 9.08 a. m., Philadelphia 11.25 a. m., New York 2.08 p. m., Boston 9.00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 p. m., Newbern 5.40 p. m.

Sunday 2.25 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 p. m., Chadbourn 5.28 p. m.

P. M. — Marion 6.34 p. m., Florence 7.15 p. m. Sumter 8.33 p. m., Columbia 10.50 p. m. Denmark 4.12 a. m., Augusta 7.55 a. m. Macon 11.15 a. m., Atlanta 12.35 p. m. Charleston 10.50 p. m., Savannah a. m., Jacksonville 7.30 a. m., St. Augustine 10.30 a. m., Tampa 6.05 p. m.

ARRIALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p. m., *New York 9.00 p. m., Philadelphia 12.05 a. m., Baltimore 2.50 a. m. Washington 4.30 a. m., Richmond 9.05 a. m., Petersburg 10.00 a. m., Norfolk 9.10 a. m., Weldon 11.50 a. m., Tarboro 12.39 p. m., Rocky Mount 1.10 p. m., Wilson 2.30 p. m., Goldsboro 3.05 p. m., Warsaw 3.59 p. m., Magnolia 4.12 p. m.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a. m., Philadelphia 12.09 p. m., Baltimore 2.25 p. m., Washington 3.45 p. m., Richmond 7.20 p. m., Petersburg 8.12 p. m., †Norfolk 2.20 p. m., Weldon 5.43 p. m., †Tarboro 6.00 p. m., Rocky Mount 5.40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6.22 a. m., Goldsboro 7.01 a. m., Warsaw 7.53 a. m., Magnolia 8.05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 a. m., Jacksonville 10.26 a. m.

Sunday 12.15 P. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.30 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave †Tampa 8.10 a. m., Sanford 3.07 p. m., Jacksonville 8.00 p. m., Savannah 1.45 a. m., Charleston 6.33 a. m., Columbia 5.45 a. m., Atlanta 7.50 a. m., Macon 9.00 a. m., Augusta 2.30 p. m., Denmark 4.17 p. m., Sumter 6.06 a. m., Florence 8.35 a. m. Marion 9.34 a. m., Chadbourn 10.30 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 11.09 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.15 p. m., Halifax 4.30 p. m.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p. m., Greenville 7 p. m., Kinston 7.55 p. m. Returning, leave Kinston 7.50 a. m., Greenville 8.52 a. m.; arrive Halifax at 11.18 a. m., Weldon 11.33 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 a. m. and 2.30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9.10 a. m. and 4.00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.; arrives Washington 11.00 a. m. and 7.20 p. m. Daily except Sunday

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p. m.; Sunday, 4.15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 p. m. and 6.10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 a. m. and Sunday 9.00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 a. m. and 11.00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.10 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 9.30 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10.25 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 a. m., Nashville 8.35 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount .05 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.30 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 2.45 p. m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.06 a. m., arrive Latta 9.34 a. m., Dillon 9.55 a. m., Rowland 9.50 a. m. Returning, leaves Rowland 5.00 p. m.; arrives Dillon 5.30 p. m., Latta 5.55 p. m., Pee Dee 7.00 p. m., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 9.05 a. m., Chadbourn 10.45 a. m.; arrive Conway 12.40 p. m.; leave Conway 2.45 p. m., Chadbourn 5.30 p. m.; arrive Hub 6.10 p. m

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 26, 1898.

FISHING SCHOONER SUNK IN COLLISION.

Run Down on the Grand Banks by the Steamer Norge—Sixteen Men Lost. Nine Were Saved.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 25.—The Thingvata Line steamer Norge, which arrived here to-day, reports that she sunk the French fishing schooner LaCoquette, of Bayonne, France, on Saturday last, on the Grand Banks. The captain and eight seamen were saved. Sixteen went down with the unfortunate vessel. The weather was foggy, but not so thick that the vessel's speed was reduced. Captain Knudsen said he could see about three cable lengths ahead. The wind was fairly direct from the west-southwest, when a vessel suddenly loomed from the north with sails full, and stood directly across the bows of the steamer. The bells were rung to stop and back at full speed, but too late to check the steamer's headway. The stranger, a fishing schooner, fell across the bow and with a crash was forced over and sunk. Three men sprang aboard of the Norge. A boat was lowered and six men and a dog were picked up. Captain Knudsen, of the Norge, said that as his was a steam vessel he was obliged to keep out of the way of all sailing craft, but that this was a time when a sailing vessel could do more to help herself than the steamer. The latter was going ahead at full speed, for the fog was not, in the judgment of the captain, sufficient to reduce headway. The fisherman was an active vessel, had a good breeze and was under a good steerage way, but made no attempt to avoid the collision, keeping on with sails full until squarely under the bow.

The report of Captain Berre to the French consul states that when the collision occurred there was a heavy fog prevailing. The men were all on deck, fishing. Suddenly the Norge appeared, coming toward them, head-on for their side. It was impossible to do anything to get out of the way. The Norge, which was going at a speed of from eight to ten knots an hour, hit La Couquette in the side. Her after-mast fell toward the wheel. There were sixteen men in that part of the vessel and the rigging, sails and mast pinned them down so that it was inevitable death for them, as the vessel began to sink. The wheel was smashed by the fall of the mast and control of La Coquette was lost.

The Norge cut La Coquette clean in half. The steamer backed as quickly as possible, and her crew lowered boats and went to the rescue of the men in the water. It was impossible to save the sixteen men who perished. La Coquette sank at once.

A MOMENTOUS REVOLUTION.

Professor Norton of Harvard Discusses the Late War and the Danger of the New Departure.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ASHFIELD, MASS., Aug. 25.—The twentieth annual dinner in aid of Sanderson Academy was given this afternoon with Charles Elliott Norton, professor emeritus of fine arts, of Harvard University, presiding.

The principal address was by Professor Norton, who devoted himself to a discussion of the late war. He said in part:

"And yet our hearts have been heavy with new weight of care, and the very brightness of the sunshine has but deepened by contrast the cloud of our sorrowful thoughts—sorrowful that our nation should have turned its back upon its old ideals, and, standing at the parting ways, should have chosen that ancient path, familiar to the old world, worn by the bloody feet of hapless generations, and which has never led to anything but ill—the path of aggressive war, of foreign conquest, of alien territorial aggrandizement, the path that leads from trouble to trouble.

"The black and brutal visage of war had indeed been lighted up from time to time during the Summer by the gallant deeds of men in service and by the good conduct and marvellous good fortune of our navy, and by the general temper of humanity displayed as soon as the actual fight was over by both officers and men. But it has taken on a deeper shade of gloom from the needless sufferings which our brave soldiers have had to endure from the lack of due provision for their needs alike in camp, in field and in hospital. It has been a miserable spectacle of incompetency for which account must be rendered and penalty exacted."

After a review of the events leading up to the war Professor Norton said: "Peace has nominally come. The actual conflict has ended, but less than 100 days of war has resulted in revolution in the United States. The foundations on which the republic has rested have been unsettled; the principles upon which the government depends have been violated; we have undertaken obligations which neither our institutions nor our national character enable us properly to discharge; we, the one great non-military power in the world, have suddenly joined the ranks of the nations burdened with great armies and navies; we have loaded ourselves with an enormous additional debt, and with an enormous increase of annual expenditures, a permanent oppressive tax upon the industry of the people, and further, whatever disposition may be made of the Philippines, we are already, through holding them and claiming the right to dispose of them, brought into entangling relations with the nations of the old world, and run the risk of losing the inestimable boon which has hitherto been ours, of freedom from the complications of the international politics of the old world, and of remaining the independent masters of our own fortunes. It is, indeed, a momentous revolution."

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Record of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Louisville—Louisville, 7; Philadelphia, 13.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 5; Brooklyn, 1.

Cleveland—Cleveland, 1; New York, 0.

Chicago—Chicago, 9; Boston, 2.

Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 1; Baltimore, 14.

St. Louis—St. Louis, 10; Washington, 8.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

THE AMERICAN COMMISSIONERS.

A Majority of the Members in Conference With President McKinley.

ON QUESTIONS OF POLICY.

Senators Davis and Frye and Secretary Day—Remaining Two Members Yet to be Announced—Will Start for Paris in September.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 25.—The first meeting of a majority of the American peace commissioners took place to-day at the State Department, when at 12 o'clock Secretary Day was joined by Senators Davis and Frye. Prior to this the senatorial membership of the commission had had a conference of two hours with the President. Secretary Day was not present at the White House meeting, so that after getting the views of the President, the senators went to the State Department and for an hour and a quarter remained closed with Secretary Day. Assistant Secretary Moore who is likely to accompany the commission to Paris in an advisory capacity, was present part of the time. Mr. McArthur, first secretary of the American legation at Madrid under General Woodford, was also called in.

As a result of the meeting it can be stated with positiveness that Messrs. Day, Davis and Frye are members of the peace commission. It is understood that the remaining two members have been selected and will be announced by Saturday. At the meeting to-day the general plans of the commission as to proceeding to Paris were talked over and an understanding reached that the start be made between September 15th and 20th. The exact day was left open in order to permit further conference with all the members of the commission. No definite arrangements have been made thus far as to securing quarters in Paris, but this will be left to Ambassador Porter, the Spanish ambassador at Paris and the French officials. The sessions will be held in the Saloon Des Ambassadors, through the courtesy of the French government.

Aside from these formalities, the commissioners went into some of the more serious questions of the policy which will come before them. Much of the preliminary work has been done by the State Department officials, such as the collection of the documents, treaties, books and maps which will be used by the commissioners.

The commissioners expect to be engaged for several days in a discussion of the more important matters to come before the tribunal and in the preparation of the American side of the case.

The question whether the negotiations with the Spanish commissioners would be in the English or French language will not be determined prior to the arrival of the commissioners in Paris. It is a matter that must be settled by all the commissioners and will not be determined arbitrarily by the American commissioners in advance of the meeting.

IN CAMP WIKOFF.

Heat Playing Havoc With the Sick Men. Nine Deaths—210 Cases of Typhoid Fever.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 25.—The heat is playing havoc with the sick men in Camp Wikoff and is partly responsible for the nine deaths which were reported to-day.

There are 1,120 sick men in the general hospital and 336 in the detention hospital. There are 210 cases of typhoid fever. One hundred and thirty sick of the Eighth Ohio volunteers were landed from the Mohawk to-day and taken to the detention hospital.

Secretary Alger, after making an inspection of the general hospital and detention camp, complimented the surgeons and the Red Cross nurses for their good work and ordered one hundred men of the Second engineer corps detailed for police duty about the camp. Secretary Alger also ordered that wooden flooring be placed in the kitchen, dining tents and general hospital.

Colonel Roosevelt arrived in camp to-day from his home at Oyster Bay where he has been spending a week's furlough. Colonel Roosevelt said he expected to have a talk with Secretary Alger about mustering out the Rough Riders and tell him some of the brave deeds of the men in his command in the battles before Santiago.

The men on the Yale were unloaded to-day and the 178 sick were taken to the detention hospital. The Red Cross Society has 300 cots ready for distribution in the regimental hospital. Lieutenant Commander Thomas Twi, of the Japanese navy, said to-day after inspecting the camp at Montauk that it compared favorably with any camp he has yet seen.

AT JACKSONVILLE.

Officers of the Fourth Illinois Regiment Ordered Under Arrest—Health of Troops Good.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., August 25.—By order of Colonel Andel, commanding the Fourth Illinois regiment, Lieutenant-Colonel McWilliams and Majors Bennett, Lang and Elliott were ordered under arrest late this afternoon on the charge of violating the 61st article of war, by conduct unbecoming to an officer and a gentleman. The particular charge is that they jointly sent a telegram to Gov. Tanner and Senator Mason of Illinois, stating that all of the officers with one or two exceptions and ninety per cent. of the enlisted men of the regiment desired to go to Cuba, and requesting that they use their influence to have it sent there. Col. Andel favors having the regiment mustered out, it is stated. McWilliams was not arrested, being on detached service from the regiment, but will be as soon as he shall return to the regiment.

General M. O. Terry, surgeon general of New York State, inspected the hospitals here to-day and pronounced the arrangements excellent for taking care of the sick. He considered the sick and mortality rates to be low in comparison with the number of troops, and said that relatives and friends of soldiers need not have any fear as to their being well cared for.

Gen. Merritt cables from Manila the arrival of the Rio de Janeiro and Pennsylvania.

The court martial of Captain Duncan, Twenty-second Kansas regiment, at Thoroughfare, Va., probably will be completed to-day. He is charged with having desecrated graves of Confederate soldiers.

GOVERNMENT FOR HAWAII.

U. S. Commissioners Held Their First Business Session in the City of Honolulu.

THE FORMAL PROCEEDINGS.

Meetings Held With Closed Doors—Radical Changes Not Contemplated in Present System—To Establish Telegraph Communication.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., August 25.—The steamship Moana arrived here to-day from Australian ports via Honolulu. An Associated Press correspondent reports from Honolulu under date of August 18th as follows:

"The congressional members of the commission to report on a form of government for the territory of Hawaii arrived August 17th on the Mariposa.

"To-day the commission met at the home of Justice Frear to qualify as members by taking an oath. As soon as the members were regularly listed the commission proceeded to elect a secretary, a stenographer and a sergeant-at-arms. Senator Cullom is chairman. The men for the clerical positions and the sergeant-at-arms have been brought from Washington.

"As soon as the formalities at the residence of Justice Frear were finished, the four other members of the commission adjourned to the hall of the house—the old throne room in the executive building—and there held the opening business session. This week the commission will visit the island of Hawaii. They will be on the big island six or seven days. The commission will later make trips to Maui and Kauai and may also visit Molokai.

Private Sessions.

"Senator Cullom said that the sessions of the commission would be private excepting when there were hearings. The Senator gave the impression that hearings would be granted to all having any reasonable claims.

"The work of the commission will not be of a secret nature but it is felt the business can be transacted more expeditiously and better in every way by having closed doors. It is likely, according to Senator Cullom, that there will be prepared by the commission one organic act corresponding to the constitution of a state, describing the territory, the manner, method and limitations of legislation. This organic act will be supplemented by many congressional laws bearing upon customs, land, the taxation, the judiciary, etc. It is by no means contemplated that there shall be any radical changes in the system here.

A Cable System.

"The steamship Lakame arrived today bringing Major Langfitt's third battalion of the Second regiment United States volunteers.

"There is soon to be telegraphic communication between the islands of this group. A cable connecting the islands with one another is to be laid almost immediately. One of the duties of the engineer corps that is now here, the Third battalion of the Second regiment United States volunteer engineers, will be the construction of a inter-island cable system.

"The fact that the government intends to proceed at once with the work is pretty conclusive that the franchise for a cable from the coast to Honolulu will not be long delayed."

CUBAN INSURGENTS.

President Maso and Other Leaders Moving for the Establishment of a Permanent Government.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MIAMI, FLA., Aug. 25.—The Cuban yacht, Alfredo, Capt. Cartaya, quietly sailed from Miami, Fla., for Guanaja, Cuba, Tuesday. She is a handsome and perfectly equipped yacht, constructed in New York for the dispatch service of the Cuban government and will hereafter make regular trips between Miami and Guanaja. Mr. George Reno, who during the past year has been the bearer of diplomatic messages between Washington and the provisional government, was on board.

Miss Mary C. Francis, of New York city, sailed as a guest by special invitation of Vice President Capote, and carried to President Maso a handsome United States flag, the gift of Senator Foraker, of Ohio, to the provisional government.

Important conferences will be held by President Maso and his cabinet and other Cuban leaders relating to the establishment of a permanent government.

GEN. SHAFTER'S COMMAND.

The Last of His Troops in Cuba Will Sail To-day for Home.

WASHINGTON, August 25.—The last of Shafter's army will sail from Cuba to-morrow. The following dispatch was received at the War Department late this afternoon:

"*Santiago, via Hayti, August 25.*—Command all embarked this morning, except Twenty-fourth United States infantry, detachment of recruits for the First Illinois volunteer infantry and a part of the Ninth Massachusetts volunteer infantry, all of which will embark to morrow morning on transports now here. General Butt with the First Illinois on the Berlin and the Berkshire, with 350 convalescents, leaves this morning for Montauk Point. I will leave with headquarters and one company of the First infantry on the Mexico by noon to-day. Instructions about Orizaba proceeding to Montauk Point just received. The Allegheny left yesterday with the Ninth Massachusetts on board. The Unionist, having on board one company of the First Illinois and private horses, leaves to-day. The Saratoga with Lieutenant Colonel Freedman and 350 men of the Fifth infantry arrived this morning; more expected on the Knickerbocker in two or three hours.

"SHAFTER,
"Major General."

SANTIAGO, August 24, (delayed in transmission.)—General Toral visited General Shafter this afternoon and bade him a brief but impressive and formal farewell.

General Wood will turn over the hospital service to the local authorities. The condition here is more satisfactory. Sanitary improvements have been made.

The business men of Santiago and planters in the vicinity of the city have instituted a movement to induce Generals Garcia and Castillo to permit the Cuban soldiers to return to service on the plantations. This is a good season for agricultural products if the work begins soon.

CRITICISM OF SCHLEY'S REPORT.

Captain Taylor of the Indiana Complains Credit is Not Given His Ship.

IN THE AFFAIR AT SANTIAGO.

Claims That the Indiana's Gun Fire Contributed More Than That of Any Other Ship to the Destruction of the Oquendo and the Teresa.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 25.—Admiral Sampson has forwarded to the Navy Department the following letters which have passed between himself and Captain Taylor of the battleship Indiana:

"*U. S. S. Indiana, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, August 6, 1898.*—Dear Admiral—The report of Commodore Schley on the battle of July 3rd, as published, gives credit in the seventh paragraph to four ships and mentions by name their captains, Philips, Evans, Clar kand Cook, and adds: 'The dense smoke of the combat shut out from my view the Indiana and Gloucester, but as these vessels were closer to your flagship no doubt their part in the conflict was under your immediate observation.'

"2. In your report, as published, you make but slight mention of the Indiana, stating that 'the Iowa and Indiana having done good work, and not having the speed for their ships were directed by me,' etc., etc.

"3. The result of these reports is that the captains of all the vessels of the line of battle except the Indiana have received personal mention in the official report before the department, while the two smaller vessels have also had distinctive mention, either from the commander-in-chief or the second in command.

"4. If the official record should be referred to in the future it will appear from its general tone that the Indiana was less deserving than all of her consorts. Leaving out my personal interest in the matter, it is right that I should consider the officers and crew of the ships; and I speak for them as well as for myself when I speak to you, Admiral, that the above combination of reports will place the ship, in the opinion of the department and the country, markedly below all the other vessels of your squadron. I respectfully submit, sir, that this is injustice to the Indiana and her officers and her crew.

"5. I can say without disparagement of any other vessel that during the first hour of the fight the Indiana's gun fire contributed to the destruction of the Oquendo and the Teresa more than that of any single vessel of our squadron, except one, and equalled hers. I do not know why the second in command failed to observe the Indiana during this period of our hottest action. I saw the Brooklyn quite plainly.

"6. An examination of these reports with reference to the Indiana will, I believe, convince you, sir, that they do produce the effect of putting the Indiana below all other vessels of the squadron. If it be your opinion, sir, that this is the case, and that all the vessels, from the Brooklyn to the Vixen, rendered services as much more valuable than the Indiana as the published report of the commander-in-chief and the second in command, taken together, would indicate, then I must accept it for myself and the ship; if, on the contrary, that be not your opinion, I urge respectfully that such steps be taken to remedy this injustice as may seem wise to you.

"Very respectfully,
"H. C. TAYLOR,
"Captain U. S. Navy, Commandg."

Sampson's Reply.

"*U. S. S. New York, Guantanamo Bay August 8, 1898.*—Sir—I am greatly obliged that you have called my attention to what appears to have been an injustice to your ship, officers and crew, for the part which they took in the action of July 3rd, and also for the very proper manner in which you have represented it. I think, however, that you will agree with me that in submitting such a report to the Secretary of the Navy, where so many officers are vitally interested, and justly proud of their ship, it is no easy task to do so without apparently bestowing praise unjustly. It requires very careful consideration of the report from every point of view to avoid misunderstanding.

"2. The position of the ships of the squadron must be carefully considered to fully appreciate what it was possible for each vessel to accomplish under the circumstances in which she was placed. Those that were to the westward of the escaping enemy were certainly better placed for stopping the enemy, and also better placed for delivering their fire than the vessels to the eastward which was the blockading station of the Indiana.

"3. No distribution of the fleet could completely predict and provide against every variation of such a sortie, nor do I consider that any commanding officer deserved either credit or blame because the ship under his command was faster or slower than another ship or carried a heavier or lighter battery; but rather that the commanding officer was blameworthy when he failed to put his ship in the proper place for destroying the enemy; just in proportion to the advantage which he possessed in speed, battery or position over his neighbors.

"4. Each commanding officer, in my opinion, was personally responsible for the good use which he made of the tools with which he had to work. I certainly did not intend to criticise you, nor to bestow less praise upon the Indiana than was bestowed upon any other ship of the squadron.

"5. The fact that the commanding officer of the Indiana was signalled to return to blockade at the mouth of the harbor after she had so gallantly contributed to the destruction of the Spanish ships was only a necessary precaution which the commander-in-chief felt obliged to take to prevent disaster to the large number of transports which were left in that vicinity when the fleet started in pursuit of the enemy. There were still some armed vessels remaining in the harbor of Santiago—at least two, and we did not know then how many more—which could have come out in the absence of the fleet and produced great havoc among the troopships, which were defenceless in the absence of an armed vessel.

"6. This explanation, together with your letter, will be sent to the department with the request that it may be attached to and form a part of the original report. Very respectfully,

"W. T. SAMPSON,
"Rear Admiral, U. S. N."

President McKinley will leave Washington for Somerset, Pa., next Saturday morning to visit his brother, Mr. Abner McKinley. He will spend Sunday there and on his way will stop off at Camp Meade, Middletown, Pennsylvania, for about half an hour.

THE KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

A Stormy Session of the Supreme Lodge. Election of Officers Deferred Pending Investigation.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., August 25.—The Knights of Pythias' biennial encampment is nearing its end. This afternoon the Uniform Rank companies began to break camp at Camp Colgrove, the entire Ohio brigade leaving at 6 o'clock. To-morrow nearly all the Uniform Rank companies will leave.

The parade of the Knights of Korassan took place to-night and was witnessed by thousands of people. About 2,000 Knights of Korassan marched, garbed in Arabic costumes.

The election of the officers of the Supreme Lodge Knights of Pythias did not take place this morning. It is usual to elect officers the third day of the biennial session, but it was objected to because of the investigations that are now going on, and one representative insisted that the election be delayed, as it would not be the proper thing to elect men who are under investigation. There were stormy times in the lodge room this morning, and several appropriations that usually went through with a whirl at former meetings were either referred or voted down. This morning a resolution was introduced that will cut the expenses of the meeting of the Supreme Lodge half in two and will make this session the cheapest ever held with so many representatives present.

An attempt will be made to reduce the number of the members of the Supreme Assembly and Uniform Rank, and a warm fight is expected over it.

The sensation this afternoon was the report of the estimate of the finance committee. The committee went at the salaries with an axe and chopped everything in sight. The committee recommended that the per diem of the Supreme representatives be reduced from $5.00 a day and five cents a mile each way to $3.00 and three cents a mile actually travelled. This report has precipitated a fight that has almost become personal between some of the members.

The Supreme Temple Rathbone Sisters discussed the question of an insurance feature and votes sufficient to adopt the resolutions have been received.

ENGLAND AND RUSSIA.

Critical State of Relations Over the Chinese Question Impossible of Denial or Confirmation.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The dispatch cabled from London to New York to the effect that Lord Salisbury before leaving for France informed Her Majesty, the Queen, that in the present critical state of relations with Russia he must resign unless her frequently expressed veto upon the prosecution of diplomacy to the point of war during her lifetime was withdrawn and he was given an absolutely free hand, and that thereupon the ministry made definite proposals to Russia, which in effect amounted to an ultimetum, is an elaboration of the current gossip of the clubs and the sensational weeklies, and is obviously impossible of confirmation or denial. Circumstantial evidence goes to disprove the statements.

Lord Salisbury has been spending his vacation since Parliament adjourned in France. Sir Thomas Henry Sanderson, Permanent Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and other most important officials of the Foreign Office, and likewise the Russian ambassador to Great Britain, M. de Staal, have been on the continent for a long time. Apparently there are sno important negotiation afoot.

England abandoned the open-door policy because Russia closed the door in her face, as has been pointed out, and retreated to the policy of spheres of influence, because it is necessary to appear to have some Chinese policy.

Two British ships were withdrawn from the Chinese waters yesterday.

LONDON, August 26.—A dispatch to a news agency from Shanghai reports that the available British fleet in Chinese waters has arrived at Wai-Hai-Wai to support the demands of Sir Claude MacDonald, British minister to China. There is no confirmation of the report obtainable from other sources.

ADVICES FROM MADRID.

Disgust at the Hasty Surrender of Santiago—Cuban War Expenses—Cabinet Council Discuss the Situation.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, August 25.—The newspapers say the general public display considerable disgust at the hasty surrender of Santiago de Cuba, since hearing the stories with regard to the adequate defensive conditions prevailing there, told by the repatriated soldiers who arrived yesterday at Corunna by the Spanish steamer Alicante.

The *Gazette* gives the Cuba war expenses from January 1 to June 3 as 447,369,450 pesetas.

The Queen Regent presided at to-day's cabinet council. The home situation was discussed and Senor Sagasta, the premier, gave details of the capitulations of Manila and Santiago and explained the manner in which the Antilles will be evacuated. The cabinet council also discussed the situation of the army at Manila and sanctioned the dispatch of funds to Admiral Cervera and to Manila for the immediate needs of the Spanish prisoners.

Tranquility prevails throughout the peninsula.

The landing of troops at Corunna continues. The men present a piteous spectacle. Eight died to-day.

LONDON, August 26.—The Madrid correspondent of the *Standard* says: Nothing can better illustrate the country's weariness and dis-illusion than the small excitement caused by the return of the repatriated troops. Of the 225,000 men who have left Spain for the Antilles since March 1895, 50,000 have perished in Cuba, 78,000 have been sent home invalided and the remainder are returning to be disbanded after receiving a portion of their nine months arrears of pay.

TO BE MUSTERED OUT.

Several Volunteer Regiments of Infantry, Cavalry and Artillery.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 25.—Orders were issued to-day to muster out the following: Fourth Pennsylvania infantry, Second Wisconsin infantry, three Louisiana light batteries, two Rhode island light batteries, two Oregon light batteries, two Iowa light batteries, First Wisconsin light battery, two troops of Kentucky cavalry, light battery A, of Missouri light artillery, Twenty-seventh light battery of Indiana artillery, and light batteries A, B and C of Pennsylvania light artillery.

VILE AND VILLAINOUS.

Outrageous Attack on White Women by a Negro Paper Published in Wilmington.

The following extract is taken from an editorial article which appeared in the *Daily Record* of the 18th inst. The *Record* is a daily newspaper published in Wilmington. It is essentially a negro paper, being owned and edited by negroes.

No elaborate editorial comment on the infamous article of the negro paper is necessary. Its outrageous, mendacious attack on white women is so plain and direct that every decent white man who reads it will make his own comment, and that comment will not be phrased in honeyed words.

Read the following, white men of North Carolina, and see one of the effects of Russellism and Butlerism in your State. The *Record* says:

"We suggest that the whites guard their women more closely, as Mrs. Felton says, thus giving no opportunity for the human fiend, be he white or black. **You leave your goods out of doors and then complain because they are taken away.** Poor white men are careless in the matter of protecting their women, especially on farms. They are careless of their conduct toward them **and our experience among poor white people in the country teaches us that the women of that race are not any more particular in the matter of clandestine meetings with colored men, than are the white men with colored women. Meetings of this kind go on for some time until the woman's infatuation or the man's boldness, bring attention to them and the man is lynched for rape. Every negro lynched is called a 'big, burly, black brute,' when in fact many of those who have thus been dealt with had white men for their fathers, and were not only not 'black' and 'burly' but were sufficiently attractive for white girls of culture, and refinement to fall in love with them as is well known to all."**

FOR STARVING CUBANS.

The Comal Sailed From Tampa for Havana With One Million of Rations.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 25.—In accordance with the determination of the administration the Comal sailed from Tampa for Havana to-day with one million rations for distribution to the starving people of Cuba. These rations will be distributed by Lieutenant A. D. Niskern, under the direction of Capt. Niles, of the artillery, in conformity with the orders of the President and secretary of war. Supplies will be furnished to other provinces in the island under the direction of officers of the army as emergency may demand.

Owing to reports current to-day that only three American commissioners would be appointed, it was stated authoritatively this afternoon that the commission would consist of five members and that one of the commissioners would be a Democrat.

The meeting of the three commissioners to-day will be the only one of concerted character until September 15th, when the five commissioners will come to Washington for a final conference before sailing for Paris.

TEXAS DEMOCRATS.

Congressman Bailey Unanimously Renominated—Declaration Against Territorial Expansion.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SHERMAN, TEX., August 25.—Congressman J. W. Bailey was unanimously nominated here to-day on a platform which declares that the State Convention has no right to instruct its representatives in Congress on the question of expansion or any other questions of national policy. The platform declares squarely against expansion and endorses Mr. Bailey's position in every particular and leaves him free to vote on any national question until the national Democratic convention formulates the policy of the party on the question of the annexation of territory taken from the Spaniards during the war.

OUR MARION BUTLER.

Cavorting in Colorado—He Now Urges Co-operation of All Friends of Silver.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DENVER, COL., August 25.—A basket pic-nic was held this afternoon and to-night at Elitch's garden under the auspices of the leaders of the Populist party of Colorado.

At the meeting this afternoon Senator Marion C. Butler, of North Carolina, national chairman of the Populist party, was the principal speaker. He urged co-operation between his party and all other friends of silver in the coming campaign.

Senator Butler declared that the nation needed a big navy and said he would vote for one, but declared that the work of the volunteers in Cuba and the Philippines proved that a large regular army is not necessary.

SANTIAGO SICK REPORT.

Decrease in Number of New Cases—Only Three Deaths.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 26.—At 2.30 this morning Adjutant General Corbin received from General Lawton, now in command at Santiago, reports of the health conditions of the American troops for the 24th and 25th instants. Following is the report for the 24th:

Total number sick, 804; total number of fever cases, 536; total number of new fever cases, 49; total number of fever cases returned to duty, 69. Deaths, 3.

The report for August 25th is as follows: Total number of new cases of fever, 39; total number of fever cases returned to duty, 43. Deaths, 7.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Wall Paper, Wall Paper.

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Window Shades.

We make to order from GENUINE SCOTCH-HOLLAND, Window Shades, all sizes and kinds at BOTTOM PRICES.

Picture Framing.

Those having Pictures to Frame will do well to see our NEW LINE OF MOULDINGS.

C. W. YATES & CO.,
Booksellers and Stationers, Wilmington, N. C.

jy 17 tf

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business July 14th, 1898. Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$543,355 52	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	167 97	Surplus	$70,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	40,100 00	Undivided profits	9,953 25—79,953 25
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00	Circulation	36,000 00
Due from other Banks	$109,664 22	Total Deposits	561,976 40
Cash on hand	99,741 94—209,406 16		
Total	$802,929 65	Total	$802,929 65

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

	July 14, '96.	July 14, '97.	July 14, '98.
Total Deposits	$484,000	$514,000	$562,000
Surplus and Net Profits	56,700	60,000	79,900
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. jy 28 tf

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AND DEPOSIT IT IN

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $25,000. **Surplus $10,000.**

We Want Your business, and Therefore Keep Open till 9 O'clock Every Saturday Night.

1.—Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.
2.—You can draw it out when you need it.
3.—It will be earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum and working for you while you are asleep.

☞ We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child, wishing to deposit. je 9 tf

TO BE SENT HOME

All Troops in Porto Rico That Are Not Actually Needed for Service There.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 25.—Orders have been issued directing General Miles to send home from Porto Rico all troops not actually needed for service there. No point has been designated as yet for their disembarkation in the United States, but an examination of several sites is in progress. It is desired to secure a healthful camp and at the same time one where disembarkation can take place at once without any delay, such as occurred at Montauk Point.

It is expected that some of the troops to be sent home from Porto Rico will sail to-day or to-morrow. The first arrivals will be landed at New York city.

REAR ADMIRAL SCHLEY.

Arrived in New York and Boarded His Flagship.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WESTPORT, CONN., August 25.—Rear Admiral W. S. Schley started for New York this morning on the train leaving this station at 8.56. He was accompanied by his son-in-law, R. S. Wortley. The admiral apparently had completely recovered from his indisposition. To-morrow he will be joined by Mrs. Schley, and with her will proceed to Washington.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Admiral Schley arrived in this city this morning and went at once to his flagship, the Brooklyn.

Admiral Schley, about 6 o'clock to-night, started for Washington.

JAMAICAN ANNEXATION.

The Movement Finds General Acceptance as the Only Alternative to Ruin.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

KINGSTON, JA., August 25.—The American annexation movement commenced on Monday in Manchester, is rapidly spreading and finding general acceptance as the only visible alternative to ruin. The promoters of the movement are pushing it vigorously, being desirous of strengthening the hands of Jamaica's representative at the Barbadoes conference, thus encouraging intercolonial co-operation. The sole obstacle encountered is the color question.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.
LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

HOTEL STEWART.

Rates $2.00 Per Day.

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Store No. 108 North Water St.

Possession given at once. Also a new two-story dwelling on Chesnut near Seventh street, having all modern conveniences, including Closet and Bath. Possession given October 1st. Also, that desirable 10-room Dwelling, corner of Seventh and Chesnut streets. All modern conveniences. Terms reasonable. Apply to

Morris Bear & Bros.,
au 21 tf 119 Princess street.

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Pure Sweet Apple Cider freshly made guaranteed to be nothing but Pure Apple Juice can be had of H. J. Bierman, 215 Market street Bell 'Phone No. 38. au 26 tf

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Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 113 Second street. Phone 209 sep 21 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

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